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# The Hongkong Telegraph.

FOUNDED 1851 一拜號一廿月一十英港香 MONDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1927. 日八廿月十 50 PENCE PREMIUM SINGLE COPY 10 CENTS

## HONGKONG MAKE POOR SHOW.

## SHANGHAI GET BATSMEN OUT IN HOUR.

## OVER ONE HUNDRED BEHIND ON FIRST INNINGS.

## TO-DAY'S INTERPORT PLAY.

Only fifty-four runs were added by the five remaining Hongkong wickets when play was resumed to-day in the Interport match against Shanghai. Hankey was sent back without scoring, Goodwin followed him shortly afterwards, and W. Brace, round whom Hongkong's hopes for a recovery were centred, was clean-bowled by a full toss at a time when he was batting superbly and confidently and appeared good for a century. In his 58, Brace hit 9 fours.

Hongkong were dismissed after exactly an hour's play, 104 runs in arrears, having failed dismally on a wicket which appeared to be playing very easily. Even Dobbie, who is essentially a hitter and should always go for the bowling, failed to attack the bowling until he put up a simple catch.

In the second innings, Shanghai were all out for 97 thus leaving Hongkong to make 202 to win.

## SHANGHAI 2ND. INNINGS COLLAPSE.

When the Interport cricket ball rose to some extent, but the match between Hongkong and wicket was playing much easier Shanghai was resumed to-day, although on Saturday.

The first bowling change was discovered on examination that the pitch had not fully recovered from yesterday's rain. The spectators therefore had over half an hour to indulge in speculation, the start being delayed until 11.15 a.m.

The wicket promised to play easy at the beginning, but there seemed every prospect that it would develop into a bowlers paradise after an hour or so.

As to Hongkong's position, pessimism was not the prevailing note, in spite of those twenty hectic minutes on Saturday.

After all, Hongkong, with 102 on the board and five wickets down, were in a relatively better position than Shanghai in the early stages of their innings, and Brace, Pearce, Dobbie and Hankey were all expected to make runs.

The probability that Capt. Dobble, Hongkong's most vigorous hitter, would have to go in ninth wicket down, was sufficient commentary on the strength of the batting.

### Play Resumed.

Goodwin faced Allison from the Naval Yard end and sent the first ball of the day to the square leg boundary, but he made a bad stroke when the bowler sent down a loose one, atoning for this with another boundary hit which put up the 110.

### Hankey Caught.

Leach was given the ball at the Supreme Court end and Hankey treated his first two deliveries cautiously but was out to the third with a poor stroke presented Hegarty with an easy catch at square leg in trying to pull.

Brace resumed his innings, his appearance being greeted by considerable applause. He played out the over without scoring, but it was obvious that he was watching the ball carefully.

### Another Disaster.

Rawsthorne claimed his second victim a few minutes later, taking Pearce's off stump with a ball which rose quickly. Pearce had been batting for nearly forty minutes, had exercised considerable caution and had scored only five runs.

### Pearce Goes In.

The visit to the crease of Pearce, Hongkong's Captain, made a partnership on which so much would probably depend. Off the last ball of Leach's over, Pearce had a narrow shave, being missed at the Naval Yard end, but the change was not a striking success. Wales playing him with more confidence.

### The Innings, however, closed at 12.15, after exactly an hour's play.

Caution was displayed both by Dobbie sent up the simplest of catches for Leach, off Ollerdessen, Hongkong had made 156, being 104 runs in arrears, and a big effort will be necessary if the match is to be pulled out of the fire.

### Shanghai Go In.

A single to leg put the 120 up, and the Hongkong pair, Brace particularly, were batting very confidently. Leach was making the innings fifteen minutes before the

tiffin interval, with Madar and Stokes as first-wicket pair.

Capt. Dobbie bowled from the Naval Yard, and experienced difficulty in getting a foothold, but although his first ball was all but a wide, he prevented any score.

Madar pulled Wales to leg for the first run of the innings, but he was very shaky when facing Dobbie.

The latter's second over proved to be a maiden, and at the tiffin interval Shanghai's score was still only one run.

Shanghai met with an early disaster after tiffin, Madar fulfilling anticipations and touching an off ball from Dobbie to present Dale with an excellent catch. Madar had scored only two, and had never shaped as though he would stay very long.

Leach took Madar's place, and exercised considerable caution towards Wales' bowling. The ball was getting a nice turn on the ball, but as yet there was no break in the wicket.

Stokes sent up ten by driving Dobbie to the leg boundary. Twice Leach sent the ball back into Wales' hands with hard drives, but he sent the twenty up in Wales' next over by hooking a loose one to the leg boundary, thirteen minutes after the resumption.

Neither batsman was taking risks, but at the same time did not allow many loose ones to go unpunished.

Dobbie was bowling extremely well, maintaining a good length and sending them up pretty fast.

Stokes sent up the 30 half an hour after tiffin, with a splendid drive through the covers for which three were run.

Second Wicket Falls.

In the next over Leach was caught by Dale, the latter bringing off a smart catch from a fast ball, fielding at fine point. Leach appeared to be mystified by the manner in which he was dismissed, but he completely misjudged the break of the ball and judged the break of the ball and was neatly taken off Wales. The score was then 32, and Stokes had scored 18 at that stage.

In Brace's first over after he relieved Dobbie a strong appeal was made against Quayle, the new-comer, for I.b.w., but it was not upheld. Just previously he had broken the ice with a single off Wales.

Two boundaries off Brace Jimmell and a single to square leg, was proved Shanghai's scoring rate, for both men were assessing Hongkong's bowling at a high standard and were taking no liberties. The fifty was placed on the board at 2.15. Quayle was nearly caught off his wrists a little later, Hankey just failing in his dive.

Stokes gave his first chance when he failed to get hold of a ball from Wales, and Hayward was given a good catching chance.

The third Shanghai wicket fell at 5.05.

Quayle, who had survived an appeal before, got in front of a straight one from Brace and was given out. He had scored three and, had never appeared easy.

Capt. Barrett joined Stokes, who had made 37, and the 60 went up in exactly an hour after tiffin.

Barrett Brilliantly Taken.

The Shanghai captain was however the victim of a brilliant catch by Hankey who took an extraordinary difficult catch down in the slips by diving at full length. Capt. Barrett had scored only 6, and the score was 61.

The Shanghai score, at three o'clock, stood as follows:

P. Madar, c Dale, b Dobbie . . . 2  
L. F. Stokes, b Brace . . . . 43  
D. W. Leach, c Dale, b Wales . . . 8  
J. A. Quayle, l.b.w. b Brace . . . 8  
T. L. Rawsthorne, c and b Hankey . . . 3  
Capt. I. M. Barrett, c Hankey, b Brace . . . 6  
Extra . . . . .

Total (for six wickets) 76

Shanghai all Out.

At 3.15, Shanghai were all out for 97, Hegarty making 12, Allison 6, Ollerdessen 4, Isaacs 0, and Barnes not out 0.

## TO-DAY'S CLOSING SCORE.

Hongkong Cautious.

At the close of play to-day, Hongkong's second innings score stood at 62, for 1 wicket.

The batsmen dismissed were: Hayward (17).

(Continued on Page 11.)

## SHANGHAI REDS.

## PROGRAMME FOR A BIG UPHEAVAL.

(Our Own Correspondent.)

Shanghai, Nov. 21.

The strike situation in Shanghai and its environs is more acute.

Radicals are urging armed resistance against loyal mill-hands, and propose shooting down capitalists.

One foreman has been murdered without warning, and hundreds of workers are leaving their employment, fearing assassination.

The Communists openly proclaim a programme of bloodshed, and are broadcasting inflammatory literature for the purpose of stimulating a general strike, seizing political power, and establishing Soviet rule.

Their proclamation concludes by stating that the "Red" tide is irresistible.

From Bad to Worse.

In connexion with the above, the following summary of the labour position in Shanghai last week is of particular interest:

The fact that more than 25,000 employees in industrial concerns situated within the Settlement or adjacent to it, are on strike is giving the authorities no little concern, because 10 of the most important cotton mills, and the British American Tobacco Co. are affected. At the present time of

TANG DENOUNCED.

Refuses to See Chinese Students.

Kagoshima, Nov. 21.

About twenty students of the Kagoshima University vainly demanded an interview with General Tang Seng-chi, the late Hankow military leader, yesterday. They eventually saw General Tang's secretary and presented a resolution characterising Tang as an enemy of China.—Ruetter.

Writing, only Chinese mills, in the main, and several Japanese cotton mills are concerned, says the North China Daily News.

The most serious from the foreign point of view, is the gravity with which those who know, view the disposition of labour at the B.A.T. and allied plants. In all about 9,000 persons are idle. It is suggested by some who have concrete knowledge of the situation that organizations, other than primary labour bodies, are at the back of the troubles here, that competing companies have interested themselves in a determined attempt to bankrupt the British company. The same source of information suggests that the Nationalists in Nanking have co-operated with Chinese tobacco companies in pursuit of this objective.

Asked if he had any witnesses to bring forward, defendant called two friends, who stated that they turned up at the police station half-an-hour after the defendant had been taken there and put under lock and key.

In this case also, a fine of \$50, or four weeks' hard labour in default of payment.

The second man appearing on a similar charge, strenuously denied having thrown any stones at another Indian policeman.

Evidence was given to the effect that after the constable had been struck by a stone, he looked round in time to see the defendant throw another stone in his direction. This man was caught while turning tail in an effort to escape from the ground.

In this case also, a fine of \$50, or four weeks' was the sentence.

The third man also entered a plea of "not guilty." In his case, a stone, flat in formation and with a jagged cutting edge, was produced. It was shown that the Indian constable who was struck with this missile, had his turban cut by the sharp edge.

Asked if he had any witnesses to bring forward, defendant called two friends, who stated that they turned up at the police station half-an-hour after the defendant had been taken there and put under lock and key.

Asked why they had not put in a more prompt appearance at the station, the two witnesses said they had followed on the heels of the captive, but, on entering the building, they were struck and chased out by the Inspector.

His Worship, without making any comment, ordered the defendant to be discharged.

## STONE-THROWING AT A MATCH.

## CHINESE ARRESTED AND FINED.

## POLICEMEN COMPLAINANTS.

Stone-throwing as a form of rowdyism, by Chinese who were disappointed in not being able to get within the Club football enclosure at Happy Valley, was the subject of charges preferred against three Chinese before Mr. R. E. Lindsell at the Central Police Court this morning.

Sub-Inspector James, of the Wanchai Station, said that when the enclosure was full, generally several thousands of Chinese would be left outside, at these football matches. The incidents complained of occurred on Saturday during the course of a game.

A number of policemen who were specially detailed for duty to keep order amongst the crowd were, as on many previous occasions this year, subjected to a lot of stone-throwing; but on this occasion they were able to effect the arrest of three of the rowdies, and evidence would be given that these culprits were caught in the act.

The first policeman, an Indian constable who was on duty behind the grandstand, said he was struck on the cheek by a stone, and arrested the defendant who was before the court.

Stones Carried to Ground.

Sub-Inspector James produced the stone in court. He submitted that from the freshness of its appearance, the stone must have been taken all the way from Morrison Hill to the football ground. When searched, the defendant was found to have another piece of granite in his pocket.

His Worship inflicted a fine of \$50, or four weeks' hard labour in default of payment.

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## FOR YELLOW FEVER RESEARCH.

## MARTYR LEAVES FUNDS TO THE CAUSE.

London, Nov. 20.

A bequest of £4,000 to help on the research work in which he was keenly interested, is contained in the will of Professor Adrian Stokes, the famous scientist and pathologist.

Professor Stokes died at Lagos when investigating yellow fever problems.

The money goes to Doctor Geoffrey Rake, a young student of Professor Stokes, to assist him in continuing the pathological research—British Wireless.

There are certain agitators in certain official circles, for a general attack on the mills. It remains to be seen whether the Chinese military will afford the foreign property that protection, which is just due.

It will be recalled that Professor Stokes died at Lagos, West Africa, when on the eve of a most important discovery concerning the treatment of yellow fever. He was one of science's martyrs, falling a victim to the malady he was investigating.]

## CANTON ARMIES PREPARING.

## BIG BATTLE PENDING ON WEST RIVER.

## LI CHAI-SUM SAYS HE EXPECTED THE COUP.

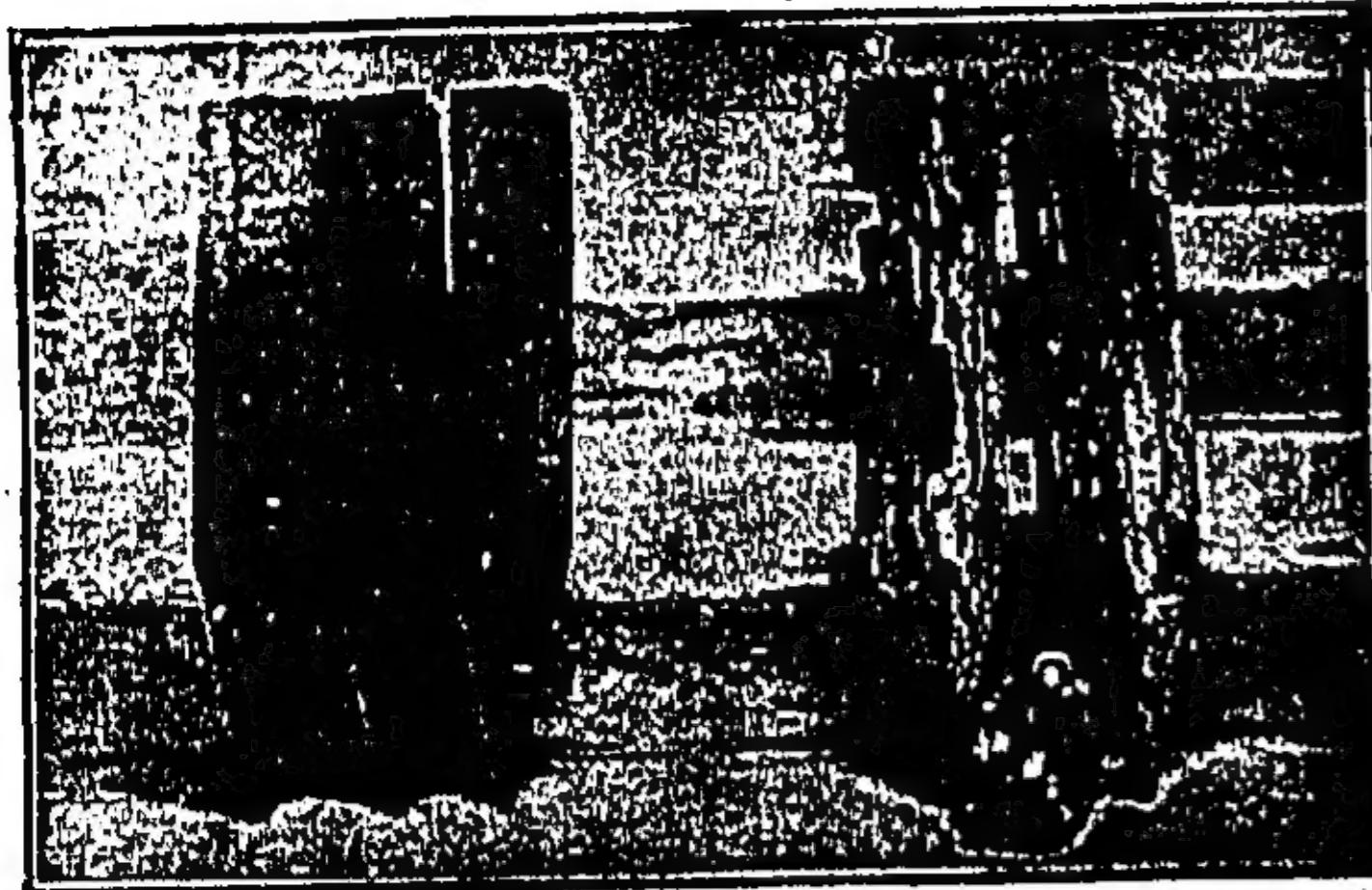
## STATEMENTS IN SHANGHAI.

The week-end developments in connexion with the Canton situation, while not of startling nature, indicate that there is much serious preparation afoot for a trial of strength between the "Iron-sides" who have held the city since last Thursday's coup and the Kwangsi forces who were driven out.

The latter are known to be concentrating along the West River and are said to be numerically stronger than the "Iron-sides". The belief is fairly general that Li Chai-sum's forces can, if they desire, retake the City. The only thing uncertain is what will be the nature of the instructions sent down by Li, who is in Shanghai.

A little light is thrown upon this by a Chinese report from Shanghai to-day, which states that, in an interview, General Li said that he more or less expected the Canton coup and was unperturbed by it. He did not disclose his intentions. Mr. Wang Ching-wei has also been interviewed, and it is confirmed that he and General Chiang Kai-shek have re-aligned themselves.

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ASKED GUZZ TA LET ME OFF  
EARLY—NONE O' TH' GANGS AROUND!  
NOTHIN' T' DO BUT WONDER WHAT  
TA DO!

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HEY, CHARLIE, PUT  
ON YOUR BRAKES!

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10¢

10¢

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WHAT'S TH' MATTER  
WITH SHOOTIN' A  
LIL' GAME O'  
PILL POOL?

GOTTA CUT IT  
OUT, SAM! I'M  
STUDYIN' FOR A  
LAWYER, NOW!

HECK! WHY  
DON'TCHA LET HIM  
DO IT  
HIMSELF?

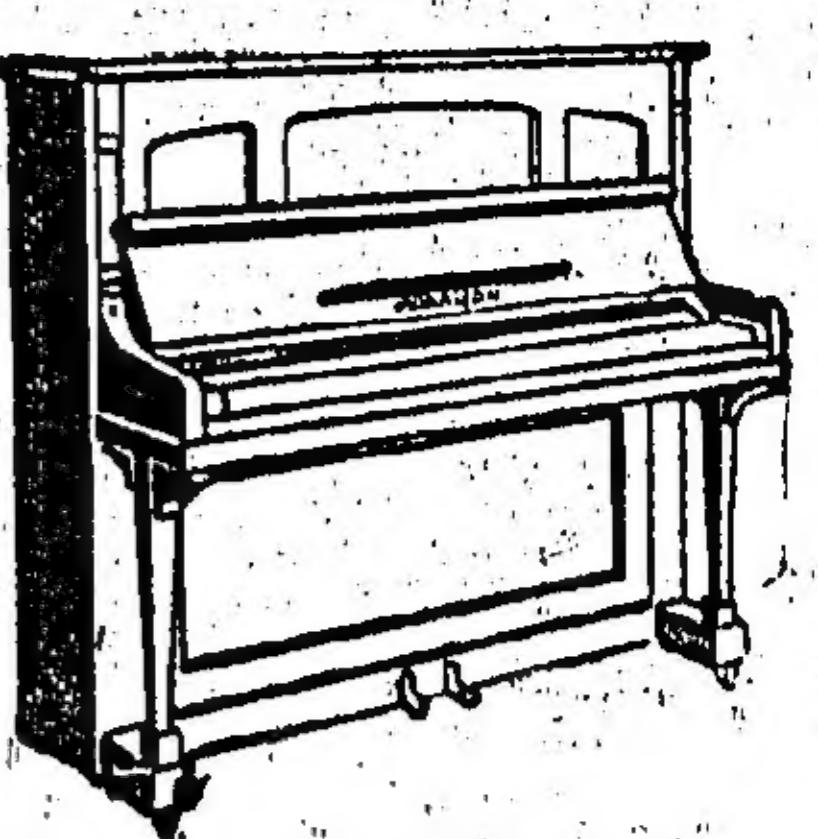
—REUTER

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**SUGAR COMBINE.**

A BOOMERANG THREAT.

Amsterdam, Nov. 19.

De Telegraaf says that respon-

sible quarters consider that the

idea of restriction of sugar pro-

duction is totally excluded as far

as the Java growers are concerned,

in view of the prevailing con-

ditions of their industry.

It is anticipated that the im-

pending discussions with the Cu-

ban envoy will therefore proba-

bly centre round the possibility

of arranging an eventual comon-

selling policy.

The journal is of the opinion

that Cuba's reported threat of

cut-throat competition, if the pre-

sent negotiations fail, is likely to

recoil most severely on Cuba as the

principal producer.—Reuter.

By the decision of the Govern-

ment only one cruiser of the "F"

type will be laid down. It is

understood that the present in-

tentation of the Government is that

one cruiser of 10,000 tons of the

"A" type shall be dropped out of

the programme altogether, and

that next year the position with

regard to the second "B" cruiser

shall be re-examined in the light

of the situation then existing.

Regarding future construction,

the newspapers point out that a

great deal must depend on the at-

titude of the other Powers towards

the step which the British Govern-

ment have now taken in favour

of slowing down the building of

large cruisers.—British Wireless.

A Point of Law.

The point arose from another

case as to the definition of the

term in the Ordinance "substantial

assets" on which a receiving

order could be made.

The Official Receiver said that

in order to be regarded as

"substantial" the assets must bear

a substantial proportion to the

general debts.

Mr. E. Davidson, who, on behalf

of the debtor, opposed the Official

Receiver's application for the

annulment of a receiving order,

claimed that the assets of \$8,000

—possibly more—in that they

constituted more than 7 per cent.

dividend—for creditors, were

"substantial assets," within the

interpretation of the Ordinance.

The Official Receiver referred to

the difficulties under which, in

his position, he had to use discre-

tion in arriving at the finding of

"substantial assets" in any bank-

ruptcy case. He considered that

at least 10 per cent. was a useful

average, and if the power which

he now used as a lever in cases

of people voluntarily going into

bankruptcy was to be taken away

from him, bankruptcy law would

be made even more difficult than

it was at present for him.

Sir Henry Gollan said it was a

point of considerable importance,

for which he must reserve judg-

ment.

\$1,000,000 Liabilities.

Mr. A. E. Hall, solicitor for the

debtor, applied for a receiving or-

der in respect of Fung Tat-hang.

His lordship asked whether

there was any question of insuf-

ficiency of assets.

The Official Receiver: It is

near enough to the line, but I have

no objection at this stage.

His lordship intimated that it

was a very large estate. The as-

sets seemed to be in the neighbour-

hood of \$90,000 and the liabilities

over \$1,000,000. He would grant

the petition for the time being.

—Reuter.

His figures show that of

3,552,000 armed troops at present

in Europe, 1,124,000 belong to the

Soviet army, whereas the total

number of armed troops in Europe

prior to the war was 5,318,000.

At the present time, the stand-

ing army of the United States is

only 118,000, while the European

total is 800,000 less than in 1924.

Sir Laming Worthington-Evans

declares that the Government has

done its utmost to pave the way to

general limitation of armaments.

He also points out that the British

military garrisons abroad have

been reduced below their bare

needs, that the Army Estimates

are now £41,500,000 (of which

sum £8,000,000 was accounted for

by pensions), compared with

£82,000,000 in 1921.

At the present time, the stand-

ing army of the United States is

only 118,000, while



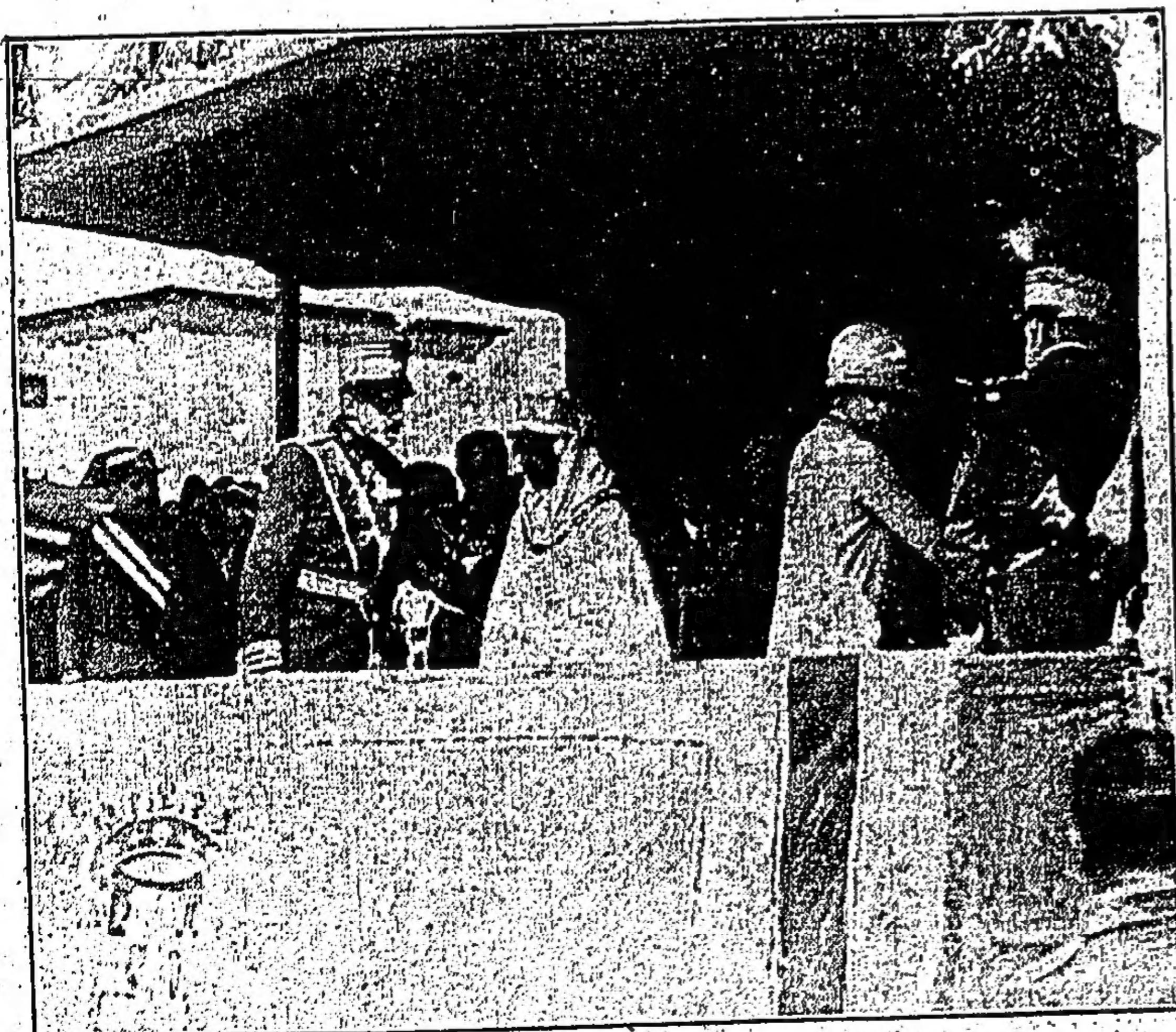
**SOOCHOW UNIVERSITY HONOURS FIRST CHINESE PRESIDENT.**—The above picture was taken at the banquet given in honour of the first Chinese President of Soochow University, Mr. Y. C. Yang, of Chekiang. Mr. Yang, before he accepted this position, was prominent in diplomatic circles. He has seen service in England and the United States. One hundred and fifty graduates of Soochow University, men and women, attended the banquet:



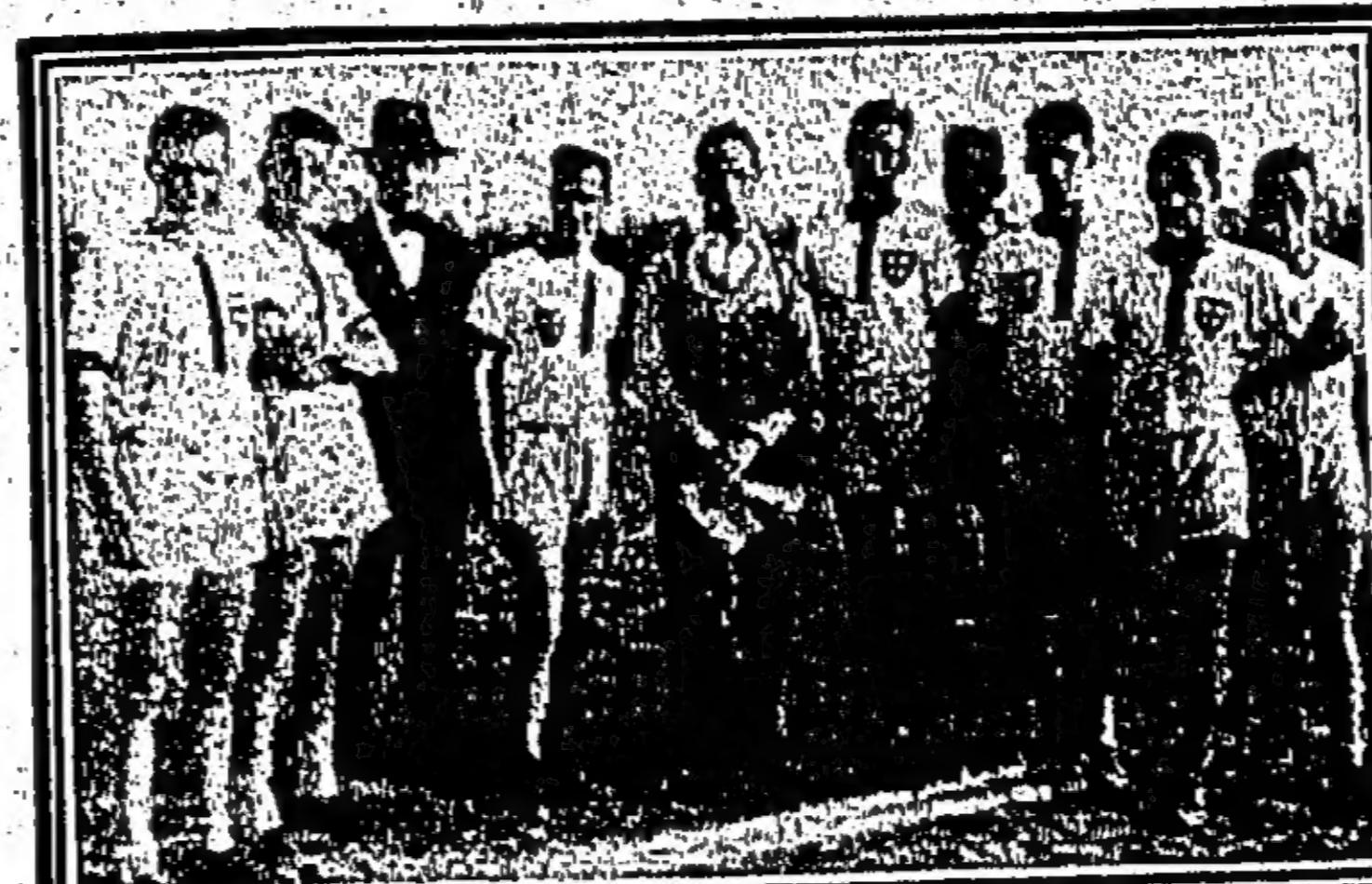
**MANY HAPPY RETURNS OF THE DAY.**—A jolly fancy dress party was given by Hans Potter Berents, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Hans Berents of Shanghai, on his twelfth birthday. Hans Potter, dressed as Captain Hook, is seated at the head of the table.



**RECENT WEDDING AT SHANGHAI.**—Mr. Nicholas Valentine Ottler and his bride Miss Ivy Isabella Wegener, with the bridal group, after their wedding at Holy Trinity Cathedral Shanghai.



**ROYAL VISIT TO MORO CO.** Our picture shows the King of Spain chatting to the young Khalifa of the Spanish Zone in the Royal tribune, on the parade ground of the Spanish Foreign Legion, at Dar Rifen, in Moorish Territory. (Times copyright).



**WINNERS OF INTERNATIONAL EIGHTS.**—Representing England, at the Autumn Regatta at Shanghai. Bow, H. H. Nash; 2, B. H. M. Broomhall; 3, E. T. Nash; 4, J. G. Lewis; 5, J. G. Day; 6, C. N. Brown; 7, J. H. Ford; Str., R. L. Evans; Cox, W. J. Brown.



**WINNING THE VISITORS' PRIZE.**—Mr. S. Shirvington, "piling up" 17 points to take the Visitors' First Prize at the closing match of the Junior Golf Club's Lawn Bowls Section, at Shanghai. Mr. D. Kemp is standing by, watching the performance.



**CHURCH CONGRESS.**—The 62nd annual Church Congress was opened at Ipswich last month. Our photograph shows the Bishop of Liverpool (Dr. David), who was formerly Bishop of St. Edmundsbury and Ipswich, with the Bishop of Fulham (the Rt. Rev. B. Batty) in the procession at Ipswich. (Times copyright).



**GAINSBOROUGH BICENTENARY EXHIBITION.**—Last month, Prince Henry opened the exhibition of the works of Thomas Gainsborough, R. A., at Ipswich, in commemoration of the bicentenary of the artist's birth. Our picture shows "Marguerite," Gainsborough's second daughter, which is one of the exhibits. (Times copyright).



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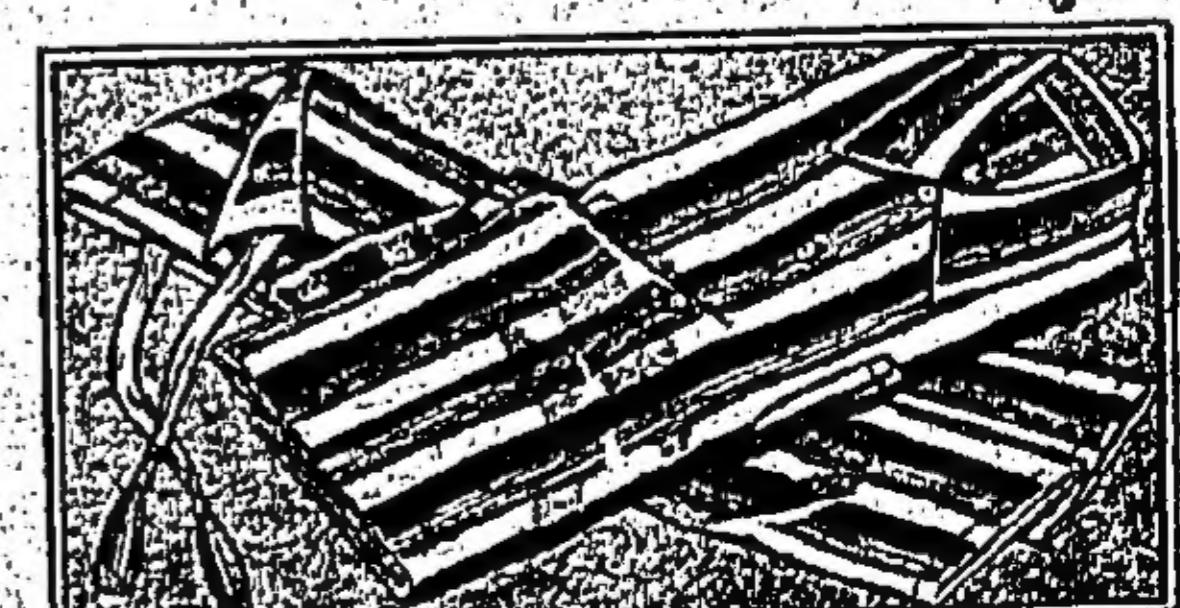
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**MISCELLANEOUS.**

**WANTED.**—Members to send applications for tickets, for the Dance at The Institution of Engineers, on Friday, 25th, to the Secretary, before Thursday 24th.

**PREMISES TO LET.**

**TO LET.**—One European FLAT Wanchai Gap Road, Hongkong. Apply to 32, Kennedy Road.

**TO LET.**—Office Rooms 2nd Floor, New Hongkong Bank Building. Apply Sang Kee, same building.

**COMMODIOUS OFFICES** to let in No. 7, Queen's Road Central, also two small offices in 1A, Chater Road. Apply E. D. Sassoon and Company, Ltd.

**TO LET.**—From January 1st, 1928, Second Floor Whiteaway Building. Moderate rental. Lease if desired. Apply to the manager, Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.

**FOR SALE.**

**FOR SALE.**—Fresh arrival Army Blankets, greyish brown, black stripe \$2.26 each, dozen; singly \$2.50. Superior quality according to requirements. Reduction to charitable and missionary associations for quantities also to dealers and merchants for regular orders. Sub-agents locally and in outports required. Montgomery Ollerton & Co., 18, Ica House Street, ground floor, between the Carlton and the Portuguese Club, Tel. C.4630.

**THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.** **TERAPIATION.** **NO. 1** **TERAPIATION.** **NO. 2** **TERAPIATION.** **NO. 3** No. 1 for Bladder Catarrh, No. 2 for Kidney and skin diseases, No. 3 for Chronic Diseases. Sold by leading Chemists. Price in England £2. Dr. Le Clerc Med Co, Liverpool, London. See Trade Marked "TERAPIATION." In Writ. Govt. Stamp affixed to genuine packets.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS**

**MACAO RACE CLUB.**

Draft programmes and entry forms of the Fifth Extra Race Meeting to hold on Sunday, 11th December, 1927, can be obtained upon application to The International Race and Recreation Club of Macao, Ltd., Hongkong Jockey Club and Causeway Bay Stables, Hongkong.

Entries will close on Friday, 25th November, 1927, at 3 p.m.

**NOTICE.**

**CHANGE OF NAME.**

We, the undersigned, hitherto carrying on business as Architects, Civil Engineers and Surveyors, under the firm name of Abdoolrahim & Co. hereby notify that us from 21st November, 1927, the said business will be carried on under the name and style of HALL AND HALL Architects, Civil Engineers and Surveyors, at 34, Queen's Road Central.

William HALL, B.Sc. Eng., George Albert Victor HALL, B.Arch., A.R.I.B.A. 34, Queen's Road Central.

**HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.**

The Eight Extra Race Meeting will be held (weather permitting) at Happy Valley on Saturday, 26th November, 1927, commencing at 2 p.m. The first bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m.

The charge for admission to the Public Enclosure will be \$1.00 for all persons including Ladies, Soldiers and Sailors in uniform half price.

Members are advised that they must show their Badges to obtain admission to the Members' Enclosure.

Each member has the right to introduce 2 non-members to the Members' Enclosure, tickets for whom can be obtained from Messrs. Linstead & Davis at \$5.00 each up to Friday, 25th November, 1927.

The charge for admission to the Members' Enclosure will be \$2.00. Each member can obtain, upon application to the Secretary, Badges for admission of 2 Ladies free of charge.

Bookmakers, Tic Tac men etc., will not be permitted to operate within the precincts of the Hongkong Jockey Club during Race Meetings.

**Theatre Royal**

**Hongkong Amateur Dramatic Club**

**BULLDOG DRUMMOND**

November 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, and 26th.

Booking at Andersons. Usual Prices.

**CONSIGNEES' NOTICES.**

**OCEAN STEAM SHIP CO., LTD.**

**AND**

**CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.**

Consignees per Company's Steamer "AGAPENOR"

From NEW YORK via MANILA. are hereby notified that the cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf Kowloon, where it will lie at Consignee's risk and subject to terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. The cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown, on and after 21st November.

Optimal cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 28th November, will be subject to rent.

All claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 12th December, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,**

Agents.

Hongkong November 21, 1927.

**LAMMERT'S AUCTIONS**

**PUBLIC AUCTION.**

The Undersigned have received instructions from The Official Receiver, The Supreme Court, to sell by Public Auction,

on TUESDAY, the 22nd November, 1927, commencing at 10 o'clock a.m.

At No. 62, Bonham Stand, East.

The Goods and Chattels of the Yuen Mow Hong Firm (in Bankruptcy).

comprising:—

Stock-in-trade, Furniture and Fixture and Fittings.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

**LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.**

**PUBLIC AUCTION.**

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on TUESDAY,

the 22nd November, 1927, commencing at 2.30 p.m. at their Sales Room, Duddell Street.

A Large Quantity of Valuable Household Furniture.

comprising:—

Teak Hatstand with Bevelled Mirror, Glass Cabinet, Chesterfield Chair and Chairs, Carpet, Rugs, Pictures, etc., etc.

Teak Dining Tables, Dining Chairs, Sideboards with Bevelled Mirror, Dinner Wagon, Ice Chest, Crockery, Glass Ware, Kitchen Sundries, etc., etc.

Bedsteads, Wardrobes with and without Mirror, Dressing Tables, Chests of Drawers, Chamber Stands, Toilet Sets, etc.

also

A Quantity of Blackwood Furniture.

and

One Wireless Receiving Set.

One Piano Player and 123 Rolls Music.

One Long Carriage Underwood Underwriter.

1 Tientsin Carpet.

2 Tientsin Rugs.

1 Victrola and Cabinet with Records.

1 Combination safe.

On View from Monday, the 21st November, 1927.

Catalogues will be issued.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

**LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.**

**CHINA AUCTION ROOMS.**

4, Duddell Street.

If you have anything you would like to sell, exchange or advertise send it to the CHINA AUCTION ROOM.

E. V. M. R. de SOUSA.

**BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.**

**PUBLIC AUCTION** of the

**VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY.**

Situate and Being

No. 11 Ashley Road

Kowloon.

To Be Sold

in one Lot

by

**PUBLIC AUCTION,**

on TUESDAY,

the 22nd day of November, 1927, at

3 o'clock p.m.

by

Mr. E. V. M. R. de SOUSA,

Auctioneer.

**SHARE PRICES.**

**TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS.**

The following is the list of local share quotations issued to-day:

Banks.

Hongkong Bank, \$1130/321 s.

Chartered Bank, \$201 b.

Mercantile A. & B., \$101 n.

P. and Q. \$10 n.

East Asia, \$62 n.

Marine Ins.

Canton Ins., \$540 b.

Union Ins., \$292 b.

North China, Ins., Ths. 143 n.

Yangtze Ins., \$64 b.

China Underwriters, \$120 a.

China Fires, \$215 n.

H. K. Fire Ins., \$590 b.

Shipping.

Douglas, \$351 b.

H. K. Steamboats, \$20 s.

H. K. Tugs, \$1.90 n.

Indo-Chinas, (Pref.) \$30 n.

Shell Trans, 91/- n.

Union Waterboats, \$17 n.

Mining.

Bengtuo, \$24 n.

Kailan, 63/- n.

Langkats, Ths. \$173 b.

S'hai Exploration, Ths. 3 n.

Raubis, \$37 b.

Tronch, 19/3 n.

Docks, etc.

Kowloon Wharves, \$120/- b.

Whampoa Docks, \$35 s.

China Providents, \$4 n.



Reiss, Massey & Co., Ltd.  
DISTRIBUTORS.

Exchange Bldgs. Tel. C.678.

HERATA AND MENI.  
MASSAGE, CHIROPOLY,  
and  
MANICURE.  
2nd Floor,  
Yee Sang Fat Building,  
Queen's Road Central.

#### EXPERT MASSEUR

Cures Rheumatism, Nervousness and all kinds of chronic ailments.

Madame H. MORITA.

Madame E. AKAJI.  
23, Wyndham St. Tel. C.4895.

## Stop That Itch

Wash Lotion on the burning, itching skin—then dip cloth in cold water and cool—the Itching stops.

To have the skin refreshed—to have sore, crusty eruptions, the blisters, itchiness, roughness, disappear—to have once more a smooth, even, healthy surface—this is what we want.

Lotion is the true agent for skin and health—discreet, it won't offend the eye—it soothes the skin, leaving no stains, no unpleasant odors.

Your own physician will prescribe.

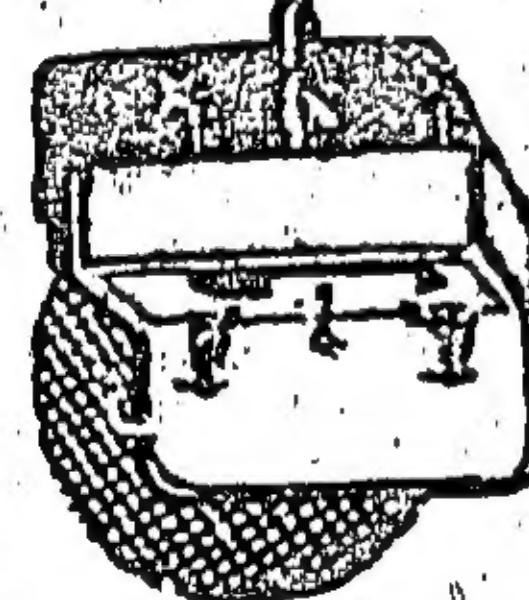
It has been positively endorsed by ten thousand doctors.

It has helped on of skin disease pronounced incurable, and it will reach your case.

## LAVOL

Wash Lotion for Skin Disease  
Famous formula of Dr. J. Laboratories of America for fifty years.  
Manufactured in the U.S.A. by the  
Manufacturers, Miller & Philip, 24 the Strand,  
Bunhill—London, England.

A LARGE SELECTION  
of Basins and other  
bathroom fittings always  
in Stock.



Estimates on request for  
Sanitary Engineering or  
Building Materials.

GAY KEE  
89, Des Vieux Road, Central  
TELEPHONE C. 5503.



ITS QUALITY  
THAT COUNTS.

## ROUGE PERMANENT



Only one application per day necessary.  
Obtainable from  
THE COLONIAL DISPENSARY  
14, Queen's Road, C.

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## THE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

### MORE MEMBERS NEEDED.

The Committee of the Hongkong Horticultural Society report as follows:

The Committee begs to submit the 22nd annual report of the Society although it only covers the first six months of 1927.

The annual show of flowers and vegetables was held at Hongkong Volunteer Defence Corps Headquarters on Thursday, 10th March 1927, and although there was a considerable falling off in the number of exhibits, the standard of most of those entered was very high. Once again, the show was notable for the remarkable displays of roses and other flowers by Mr. R. A. Nicholson. Mr. Nicholson has now retired from the Colony and future shows will suffer thereby. We shall miss him and his whole-hearted support and interest in the Society.

The Botanical Garden again staged a beautiful and at the same time instructive exhibit. His Excellency Sir Cecil Clementi, K.C.M.G., honoured the Society by visiting the show and later Lady Clementi graciously distributed the prizes. The Band of the K.O.S. Borderers played a delightful selection of music during the afternoon.

The Committee desire to express their thanks to Lt. Colonel L. G. Bird, D.S.O. and Officers for the use of the Volunteer Headquarters and Parade Ground for the show, also to the Capt. Superintendent of Police, the Superintendent of the Botanical Gardens, Mr. L. Gibbs and all those ladies and gentlemen who rendered valuable assistance in various capacities, and to all those who kindly contributed to the Prize Fund.

The ordinary membership of the Society now stands at 137 a totally inadequate number if the Society is to flourish and carry on the annual show. A glance at our accounts will show the serious financial position of the Society. Whilst our expenditure increased by some \$600 our income decreased by over \$100 in members' subscriptions and a further \$400 loss was collected towards the Prize Fund—the funds of the Society thereby declining from \$1,502.40 to \$249.23 a sum that is quite insufficient to meet current expenses and to carry on the work of the Society.

The Committee therefore urgently appeals to all members to bestir themselves and enrol new members from amongst the many newcomers to the Colony. The subscription for an ordinary member is only \$5 per annum, which entitles a member to two free tickets to the annual show.

A number of the Committee have left the Colony and new members are required who will devote their time, energy and interest to the Society. The Committee hope there will be a large attendance at the meeting which will be held on Tuesday, 29th November, 1927.

## U.S. TARIFFS.

### COOLIDGE AGAINST CHANGE.

Washington, Nov. 15.—President Coolidge made known today that he feels that the agricultural problem would not be aided by a reduction in the tariff. It was said at the White House that the President was of the opinion that a change in the tariff would work against the farmer, rather than in his favour.

The President understands that the principal theory of those who believe that agriculture could be aided by a reduction in the tariff is that the United States could have most of its manufacturing done abroad, but he thinks that if this were carried out there would be a corresponding loss to the United States in its exports.

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## OUR DAILY TALK ON HEALTH.

### POISONING FROM GASOLINE INCREASES.

#### COAL OIL FUMES.

With the extensive use of coal oil and gasoline for heating purposes, for cleaning and for driving vehicles, the number of cases of poisoning due to drinking or swallowing considerable amounts of these substances is increasing. Gasoline consists of the lower boiling hydrocarbons. When the vapours are inhaled symptoms of headache, nausea, giddiness, shortness of breath, blueness, and even unconsciousness appear.

Drowsiness is reported as a prominent symptom in gasoline poisoning. In case large amounts of gasoline are swallowed unconsciousness comes on in ten to fifteen minutes.

The symptoms are especially severe in children. One case is reported in which a girl, 20 years old, died in five hours after drinking an ounce of gasoline, although some people have survived after taking larger quantities.

When coal oil is swallowed the effects are similar to those of alcohol but there is much irritation of the bowels. There are few deaths reported as the result of drinking kerosene since it is not so poisonous as benzine or gasoline.

Of course the first thing to do when a poison is swallowed is to get as much as possible of it back out of the stomach. Vomiting may be brought about by any of the common methods such as putting a finger down the throat, taking lots of salt water, or by having a physician inject drugs.

If the patient has collapsed he should be put at rest and kept quiet. He should be kept warm by the application of hot water bottles or electric heating pads. Coffee may be given as a stimulant. A physician may produce stimulation by the injection of more powerful drugs and treat the various symptoms as they develop.

Mr. Alindogan, in representation of the Chinese buyers, conferred with the insular collector of customs, relative to arrangements for enabling him to receive the vessel as its consignee, pending formal registration of the syndicate with the bureau of commerce and industry and the bureau of customs.

Mr. Alindogan further intimated that as soon as the group of Chinese capitalists has been organized into a regular corporation, plans would rapidly be put forward for the establishment of a shipping line from Manila to Shanghai, via Hongkong and Amoy. This service would be maintained regularly by the steamship Tang Shan, he declared.

## AMERICAN AVIATION.

### BALLOON ALTITUDE RECORD.

Washington, Nov. 15.—The altitude record for balloons set by Capt. A. W. Thorpe Gray during the ascent in which he recently lost his life was officially recognized today by the National Aerostatic Association. President Adams, of the association, said Gray's barograph showed that he ascended 42,470 feet, nearly a mile higher than the previous record.

Gray's death during his record-breaking ascent apparently resulted when he accidentally cut his oxygen tube while trying to cut loose a sandbag ballast. His body was found in the basket when the balloon descended.

### New Zealand Flight.

San Francisco, Nov. 15.—Capt. Frederick A. Giles, the Australian aviator who is to attempt a flight from here to New Zealand, to-day postponed his scheduled take-off to-morrow because of unfavourable weather. It was the second time the start has been postponed. Earlier, Giles announced after a test flight that he was ready to start, but changed his mind when the weather bureau reported a storm 1,200 miles off the Oregon coast.

Giles' biplane, "Wanda," has an open cockpit which exposes the pilot to the full force of storms.

San Francisco, Nov. 16.—Capt. Frederick A. Giles, who has been delayed twice by storms in starting his flight to New Zealand, now proposes to take off at 9.30 a.m. Friday, barring unforeseen developments. The storm which caused Giles' latest postponement was reported by the weather bureau tonight to be moving off the course which the aviator intends to follow between here and Hawaii.

## FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS



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## STEAMER SOLD.

### FOR MANILA-AMOY TRADE.

The steamship Susana II, Amoy to Manila freight and passenger boat, has passed from the ownership of the Madrigal shipping company to a syndicate of local Chinese capitalists in a sale involving the sum of Pesos 250,000, says the Manila Bulletin. This information was obtained at the bureau of customs and was verified by Jose Alindogan, shipping broker and shareholder in the newly acquired steamer.

The new owners of the Susana II, according to information, are headed by Jose J. Go Chico, vice-president of the Mercantile Bank of China.

It is the plan to form a duly registered organization and to operate the Susana between Manila and Amoy. The group also holds certain interests in the business now controlling the steamship Tang Shan, another Manila-Amoy vessel, and with the purchase of the Susana plans are under consideration for the formal merger of the two interests into one corporation which will operate and control the business of the two vessels. The organization, it has been learned, will practically control the Amoy Manila shipping business.

The sale of the Susana was closed on November 12, and the price was Pesos 250,000, which included miscellaneous privileges and concessions enjoyed by the vessel under the ownership of the Madrigal shipping company.

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A further important blood change occurring during disease is the reduction of albumen in the red corpuscles. These contain normally 28% of albumen; but, under the influence of disease, the amount may drop to 20%. If now, successful treatment commences with the bureau of commerce and industry and the bureau of customs.

In recent years, disease—especially those of an infectious character—have been treated with irritant albumen, the so-called albumen corpuscles; and, in a certain percentage of cases, satisfactory results have been obtained. From my experiments with blood serum, I ascertained that these favourable results are much enhanced if blood therapeutics are adopted. Consequently, full use has been made of this method during the past four years; as the method has proved successful in a large number of cases, we may safely say that the experimental stage is now complete.

A Great Advantage.

One great advantage of this method is that the patient's own blood may be injected over and again without any fear of its causing shock, as may happen when other albumen corpuscles are used, the shock not infrequently proving fatal.

The beneficial effects of the treatment with the patient's own blood and with protein corpuscles are due chiefly to the augmentation of the albumen content of the red blood-corpuscles, the extension of the capillary network immediately adjacent to the injection spot, the stimulation of the vegetative nervous system and other physical modifications directed against the infection.

For the injection, the blood is used either just as drawn from the vein or whipped (defibrinated); in the former case it is injected into the muscle of the thigh, in the latter intravenously.

Unwhipped blood is employed when the infection is not more than 3 or 4 days old; beyond that period, whipped (defibrinated) blood must be used. Normally every injection produces such symptoms as spasm, palpitation of the heart, facial rubefaction etc. Should this fail to appear, the injections must be repeated at shorter intervals and with in-

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## BLOOD TREATMENT OF DISEASE.

### GERMAN MEDICAL IDEA DISCUSSED.

#### NOT A NEW DISCOVERY.

The treatment of patients by means of their own blood is not, itself, new. Reports of cures performed in this way and regarded as more or less mystical used constantly to appear in periodicals long before the subject had been scientifically probed.

But it is only in quite recent that clear ideas have been gathered in regard to effective blood therapeutics, this having become possible as a result of researches into the serum of the blood and into the changes taking place in the red corpuscles during the progress of a disease.

The blood serum consists of 36% albumen. When disease occurs, this proportion is modified in favour of globulin, which may therefore be looked upon as the corpuscle fighting infection or as the so-called anti-disease corpuscle. The change in the ratio of globulin to albumen may, in severe cases, be as much as 84% of the former to 16% of the latter; indeed, it is quite conceivable that a still greater disparity may occur, though that just quoted is, so far as may observations extend, the maximum.

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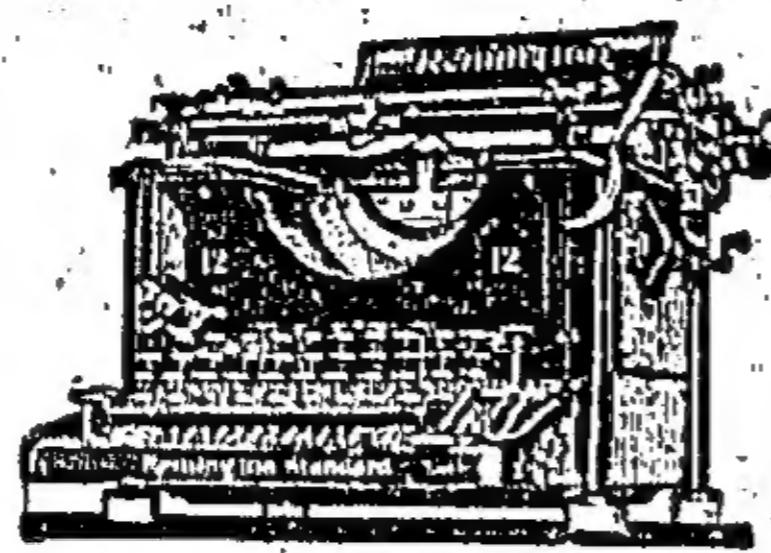
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L'Or  
Styx  
Paris  
Chyre  
Violet  
L'Origan  
Muguet  
La Jacae  
Lilas Blanc  
Lilas Pourpre  
Violet Pourpre  
Ambre Antique  
Emeraude  
Jasmin de Corse  
Heliotrope  
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**POPULAR** The Perfumes  
**PERFUMES** of  
Coty.  
  
**POPULAR**  
**PRICES**

A. S. Watson & Co., Ltd.  
HONGKONG.

**AN UNPARALLELED TRUMPH**

This is the universal verdict concerning the New Remington Standard 12—a verdict which is reflected in the choice of business offices and business schools everywhere.

Examine this new model and see the many fundamental improvements that Remington has made in typewriter construction. We invite comparison on every count whether ease and speed of operation or quality of work.

**Mustard & Co., Ltd.**  
Incorporated under the Companies  
Ordinances Hongkong.  
Alexandra Buildings,  
Des Voeux Road Central?

**DEATHS**

MURRAY.—Letitia, Julia, daughter of the late P. H. Murray, died this morning at 4:45 a.m. at the French Hospital, Causeway Bay, age 23 years. Funeral will pass the Monument at 5 p.m. to-day.

HURLEY.—At the Kowloon Hospital, on Monday, November 21st, 1927, Captain H. S. Hurley. Funeral will take place at the Jewish Cemetery, at 5 p.m. to-day (Shanghai papers please copy).

## JUST OUT

The Latest  
VICTOR RECORD RELEASES

Including Mendelssohn's  
Violin Concerto in E Minor by  
Fritz Kreisler and the State Opera  
Orchestra (Berlin)  
(Complete with Album)

**S. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.**  
(VICTOR DISTRIBUTOR)  
HONGKONG.

## BILLY WALKER

OF ASTON VILLA  
AND AN ENGLISH  
INTERNATIONAL

HAS INVENTED A  
NEW  
FOOTBALL BOOT

COME AND SEE THEM  
AT

Lane, Crawford's

**Hongkong Telegraph**

MONDAY, NOV. 21 1927

**OUR WATER SUPPLY.**

As already stated in our news columns, there has been considerable surprise expressed at the fact that, after what has been almost a record rainfall this year, the rider main restrictions should have had to be so early applied in the western portion of the city. The only explanation is that the reservoirs on the island of Hongkong are not of sufficient capacity to ensure that the water in storage and uncertainty of the general situation in China. To interested observers, the position at the early part of last week appeared to be most promising. It seemed that at long last there was a prospect of the moderates in the Nationalist camp forming a sufficiently strong combination to dominate the Party and usher in an era of consolidation. The situation in Canton was admittedly a little shaky, but few were prepared for the upheaval which immediately followed the departure of General Li Chai-sum to Shanghai. That treachery and bribery played a prominent part in the coup there can be little doubt. But whatever the motives inspiring the movement may have been, the position at the moment is still rather confused. There is naturally much speculation as to whether the occurrences of the past few days in Canton have yet further illustrated the instability and uncertainty of the general situation in China. To interested observers, the position at the early part of last week appeared to be most promising. It seemed that at long last there was a prospect of the moderates in the Nationalist camp forming a sufficiently strong combination to dominate the Party and usher in an era of consolidation. The situation in Canton was admittedly a little shaky, but few were prepared for the upheaval which immediately followed the departure of General Li Chai-sum to Shanghai. That treachery and bribery played a prominent part in the coup there can be little doubt. But whatever the motives inspiring the movement may have been, the position at the moment is still rather confused.

It is true that the great Shing Mun River scheme, as first conceived and outlined during the regime of Sir Edward Stubbs, was to have provided Hongkong with a perennial supply. But the decree has gone forth (and to our mind backed by very unconvincing argument) that the island of Hongkong is not to be included in that scheme. There are some allegedly high political motives behind that decision but we and

many others view them as being ridiculously premature. A vast sum of money has been spent and the only benefit is going to be to the inhabitants of Kowloon and adjacent districts which could have been adequately supplied at far less cost. On the Hongkong side, nothing has been done beyond enlarging the water catchment areas that feed the existing reservoirs and talking about making a new reservoir in the valley above Aberdeen. This last-named project has been very much dallied with, and we learn that the Government view now is to hold a Commission to enquire into the matter. Surely, we ought to have progressed beyond that stage. Of course, there is the plea made that the Government is committed to a policy of economy during these lean years, but, as we argued at the time the 1928 Budget was being submitted to and approved by the Legislative Council, the Government has a greater duty than being negatively economical—the duty of supplying essential public needs. We pleaded for the steady progression of essential public works and mentioned the water supply problem to point a moral, but did not think that our argument would be vindicated quite so soon. If it is true, as we hear, that the plans and survey work for the proposed Aberdeen reservoir have been completed for some months, then we cannot do else than hold the Government very blameworthy for not having made the financial provision necessary to cause a start of the actual work. The Government has cut off the Shing Mun scheme (so far as Hongkong is concerned) and has been negligently tardy in providing any alternative supply. In years of plentiful rainfall we have to suffer winter periods of restriction, and one almost dreads to think of what would be the position if this Colony had a below-average year. The lowest rainfall ever known was 45 inches in one year; the average is round about 85 inches, and this year we have so far had over 100 inches. And yet, there are restrictions. Surely, these simple facts speak eloquently of the Government's omission.

**The Canton Outlook.**

The startling events of the past few days in Canton have yet further illustrated the instability and uncertainty of the general situation in China. To interested observers, the position at the early part of last week appeared to be most promising. It seemed that at long last there was a prospect of the moderates in the Nationalist camp forming a sufficiently strong combination to dominate the Party and usher in an era of consolidation. The situation in Canton was admittedly a little shaky, but few were prepared for the upheaval which immediately followed the departure of General Li Chai-sum to Shanghai. That treachery and bribery played a prominent part in the coup there can be little doubt. But whatever the motives inspiring the movement may have been, the position at the moment is still rather confused. There is naturally much speculation as to whether the occurrences of the past few days in Canton have yet further illustrated the instability and uncertainty of the general situation in China. To interested observers, the position at the early part of last week appeared to be most promising. It seemed that at long last there was a prospect of the moderates in the Nationalist camp forming a sufficiently strong combination to dominate the Party and usher in an era of consolidation. The situation in Canton was admittedly a little shaky, but few were prepared for the upheaval which immediately followed the departure of General Li Chai-sum to Shanghai. That treachery and bribery played a prominent part in the coup there can be little doubt. But whatever the motives inspiring the movement may have been, the position at the moment is still rather confused.

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**DAY BY DAY.**

THE WISEST MAN IS GENERALLY HE WHO THINKS HIMSELF THE LEAST SO.—Boileau.

For the past two days, no cases of notifiable disease have been reported in the Colony.

The P. & O. s.s. Malwa, from Hongkong, arrived at London on the 18th November at 5 a.m.

Quarantine restrictions have been imposed against arrivals from Sourabaya, on account of plague.

The P. & O. s.s. Kashgar, which left Singapore yesterday at 4 p.m., is due here at 6 a.m. on Friday.

The Empress of Canada, which left Shanghai yesterday, is due here tomorrow morning and will leave for Manila at 5 p.m. on Wednesday.

Warner, Barnes & Co., Ltd., of Manila, announce with deep regret the death of their Managing Director, Mr. Herbert Kirkman Bibby, in London, on Tuesday last.

The Commanding Officer of the Royal Engineers announces that defence electric lights at Stonecutters will be burnt from 6.30 to 7.30 p.m. on Wednesday.

The P. & O. s.s. Khiva, with mails from London, arrived this morning and berthed at Kowloon Wharves. The parcels mail dated London, October 11, consisted of 50 bags and is now being distributed.

A brown and white dog, belonging to Mr. Lawrence of No. 3, Cox Path, Kowloon, was yesterday taken to Ma Tau Kok for observation. The animal bit a Chinese who was later treated by Dr. Dovey.

Passengers who arrived by the P. & O. Khiva this morning included Capt. and Mrs. Plunket Cole, Mr. A. H. Barlow, Engineer Comdr. F. H. Jefferson, Mr. C. E. Grist, Mrs. J. C. Joughin and Mr. H. Goffe.

Burglars in a motor car were responsible for a daring burglary at Sir Archibald Weigall's house, Petwood. A butler discovered two burglars on the premises, but, by dint of a water pistol, with which they squirted water in his face, they escaped.

At the Marine Court this morning, before Commdr. G. F. Lo Kan, master of the K.H.L.I. steam launch, was charged with mooring his craft inside the Victoria Cable Reserve, and, pleading guilty, was fined \$15 with the alternative of two weeks imprisonment.

A Chinese printer of Messrs. Noronha & Company, living on the premises of the Company in Duddell Street, reports that some time between 2 a.m. and daylight on Sunday morning, someone entered the place, by means unknown, and stole money, jewellery, and clothing valued at \$90.

This morning's Harbour Office reports gave nine arrivals and four departures, of which three and one respectively were British. The heaviest inward cargo of the day was British but all others were Japanese. At 9 a.m., there remained 63 vessels in harbour of which 19 were British.

The Cuban House of Representatives to-day passed a bill granting a pension of \$500 a month to Mrs. Louise Wood, widow of the Governor-General of the Philippines. General Wood was Military Governor of Cuba following American occupation of the island.

The report of the progress of the experiments in Germany in connection with the production of synthetic rubber have left the London market undisturbed, says a special cable dated November 15, to Malayan papers. The Times declares that the German investigations are still in the experimental stage.

A severe squall which swept over Singapore last Monday sank at least one twakow (Chinese cargo boat) in the roads, and it is thought that other losses occurred which have not yet been reported to the Master Attendant. Kho Swee Huat, a twakow owner, reported that one of his craft went down in the outer roads with a cargo of salt, and one of the crew is missing.

In H. M. Supreme Court at Shanghai, His Honour Judge Peter Grain has granted a *decree nisi* with the custody of the child of the marriage to Harold Wakeman, the petitioner in a divorce action. The respondent was Kate Evelyn Wakeman and the co-respondent, Ivor Louis Berthet, Mr. J. R. Jones appeared for the petitioner. Neither the respondent nor co-respondent was present in Court or represented by counsel.

**HONGKONG TRADE.**

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE REPORT.

The fortnightly Price Current and Market Report, published by the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce, under date of the 19th inst., states:

Cotton Piecegoods.—Since our last report more enquiry has been in evidence but the difference between Home-side prices and local ideas is so wide that no sales are reported. The fall in cotton values expected after the Cotton Yarn Association withdrew all restrictions has not yet materialized, in fact, cotton has since been quoted on a higher basis. The latest quotations are those of the 16th inst. Eg. Sakel, 18.95 and Mid. Amer. "Spot" 11.16.

Cotton Yarn.—Only a small business has been done at a reduction of \$10/12 per hale from the highest point touched. Market generally is ruling very quiet. Nominal quotations are as follows:—No. Ios. \$170/185, No. 12s. \$175/180, No. 16s. \$190/195, No. 20s. \$200/205. Arrivals Nil. Shipments Nil. Sales 100 bales. Unsold stocks 3,800 bales. Bargains 10,400 bales.

Woollens.—Market dull. Some enquiry for union coatings for quick shipment, but poor bookings.

Raw Cotton.—Nothing doing.

Metal.—Market continues dull; small business done.

Wire Nails.—Small business done.

Flour Market Stock: American 320,000 sacks; Canadian 120,000 sacks; Australian, 10,000 sacks; total 450,000 sacks. Market: Small and quiet. Quotation:—American Patent, \$1.25 per sack; American Straight, 3.05-3.25 per sack; American Cut off, 3.10-3.40 per sack; Australian No. 1, 3.60 per sack; Canadian Cut off, 3.10-3.15 per sack; Canadian Straight, 3.04-3.08 per sack; Canadian Mixtures, 2.95 per sack; Canadian 2nd Clear, 2.85 per sack.

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## AN EPIC FLIGHT.

BRITISH AIRMEN'S ORDEAL.

## BATTLE WITH ELEMENTS.

London, Nov. 20.  
The two British airmen, Captain McIntosh and Mr. Bert Hinkler, who left England on Tuesday on a non-stop flight to India, were defeated by terrible weather after they had flown approximately 2,800 miles in 24 hours.

According to a message from the airmen reproduced by the *Sunday Times*, neither had ever experienced such trying conditions.

After passing Flushing on Tuesday night, they spent twelve hours battling with a snow blizzard in complete darkness, the machine being so heavily bumped that control was frequently lost, and only regained when the altimeter showed they were dangerously close to the ground.

During the flight they found themselves among mountains, and flew up and down a valley waiting for dawn, to show a clear course. Daylight came with a heavy fog, extending 8,000 feet high. They rose above this, and re-set their course for India, in an intense cold, with the machine covered with ice, continued in the appalling flying conditions for another three hours.

They estimated that they were then near Astrakhan, but hereabouts conditions were so bad that they decided to return, and that evening at dusk were flying over a desolate part of Polish country-side, searching for a suitable landing-place.

They descended successfully on a ploughed field near Podhajec, and had difficulty in establishing their identity, until an interpreter arrived.

On Friday, they attempted to fly to Warsaw, but the weather again became impossible, and a descent was made on a snow-covered field near Lemberg. They landed perfectly, but ran into a ditch concealed by snow, damaging the machine, which is, however, being repaired.

## OUR CABARET.

## FAREWELL SHOW TO-NIGHT.

Owing perhaps to the unpropitious weather, the attendance at the Star Theatre last night was rather small when the new "Our Cabaret" presented a select revue entitled "Here and There." Those who went were, however, amply rewarded by an entertainment in which nothing was lacking in the way of clever songs, dances and sketches. Miss Muriel Varna, Mr. Charles Mason and Mr. Charles Chamberlain were again to the forefront in introducing much humour into a programme in which further variety was provided by the songs of Miss Honkina, and Mr. Billy Bray, and by dances given by the two Vivienne Sisters.

To-night the new "Our Cabaret" brings its season to a close with "Pot Pourri," a revue comprising the most popular items in its extensive repertoire. The programme will be a thoroughly enjoyable one, and the company is assured of an enthusiastic fare-well house.

## BIG RANSOMS FOR CAPTIVES.

## FRENCH PAYMENTS IN MOROCCO.

Paris, Nov. 20.  
A message from Casablanca states that it is now revealed that the total ransom paid for the release of six French captives by Moroccan brigands, comprising the Steeg party and two Arnaud girls, is between 6,000,000 and 7,000,000 francs.—*Reuter*.

[Two nephews of the Governor General, M. Steeg, who were with two ladies on a hunting trip, were captured by brigands last month, and the two young daughters of a French official were later seized and carried off by bandits in the same region.]

## A CONCESSION FOR FIVE M.P.'S.

## INDIAN COMMISSIONERS NOT TO BE OPPOSED.

London, Nov. 20.  
A suggestion has been made that five members of the Indian Commission, who belong to the House of Commons, should, by arrangement between the parties, be unopposed at the General Election.

It is pointed out that, with the difficult and delicate duties devolving upon them, the commissioners will have little opportunity to keep in touch with their constituencies. The proposal seems certain of adoption.—*British Wireless*.

## "BULLDOG DRUMMOND" BY A. D. C.

## FINE PRESENTATION OF MODERN DRAMA.

## ACCOMPLISHED ACTING.

There can be no other opinion than that the Hongkong Amateur Dramatic Club has, by its presentation of "Bulldog Drummond," added yet another outstanding success to its many previous ones. The Club can be very heartily congratulated on having chosen a good "menty" drama in preference to one of those allegedly "psychological" plays dealing with sex appeal and with which the modern theatre is becoming satiated, and also on having made the very most of that choice. We in Hongkong have become used to a very high standard of amateur dramatics, not only regarding the excellence of the players, but also regarding general production; scenery, lighting and dressing. And at the very outset, we should like to compliment Major J. Macready, and all those associated with him, on the manner in which the play is produced. It is quite a treat in the way of interiors and each scene has much natural appeal.

The story of "Bulldog Drummond" is sufficiently well-known to need but little reference here. A war-satirized officer in search of adventure finds plenty of it in dealing with a gang of renowned crooks, and the tale which "Sapper" has written has plenty of high-speed action and dramatic thrill. It is characterised by some very fine dialogue and also by a really good fight between "Bulldog" and a crook doctor—a fight which Mr. J. Macready and Mr. E. S. C. Brooks contrive to make much more realistic than the usual stage struggle.

The name part is taken by Mr. J. Macready who is excellent in it. When reading "Bulldog Drummond" one gets the idea that Drummond was a big lion of man physically as well as big of heart, and perhaps it was the persistence of that idea that, so far as the writer is concerned, detracted a little from Mr. Macready's characterisation.

All the sang-froid of a genuinely fearless man was there, and the acting was splendid, but one did want a bigger man. It is a very difficult part to take and Mr. Macready takes it wonderfully well. And opposite him plays Mrs. Cecily Thorp, as Phyllis Benton, in a manner that stamps her as an accomplished actress. Rarely has Hongkong seen better lady amateur actors than Mrs. Cecily Thorp and Mrs. Kathleen Morris, the latter of whom takes the difficult role of Irma Petersoff, and it can honestly be said that they contribute somewhat disproportionately to the rest to the success of the piece. Mrs. Thorp as the nervous but brave girl "trying to keep up with the wiles of the crook gang" with which she becomes acquainted, and Mrs. Morris, as the hard unscrupulous schemer, have been almost perfectly casted. One cannot say more.

Mr. M. M. Mais made a great name for himself as the biller in "The Last of Mrs. Cheyne" and one expected high things of him as Carl Peterson, the suave master of the crook gang. That expectation is fully satisfied, and Mr. Mais gives us another delightfully natural characterisation. He has a splendid stage voice and manner and is always impressive, especially as the desperately serious criminal playing for high stakes. Associated with him in crime is Mr. E. S. C. Brooks as Dr. Henry Lakington, the man who runs a sham nursing home into which he traps wealthy victims. Quietly, but none the less effectively, this doctor aids (and is secretly a little afraid of) the master man, and Mr. Brooks is sufficiently professional, with lapses of temper, to convince. It is a well taken part, though made hardly villainously enough at times.

And a special word must be given to Mr. E. P. Minnack, who has to impersonate a drugged victim, to be restored sufficiently to know what he is doing, and then go off again into stupor. It is a short but difficult part and very well done. One would like to commend also the excellent acting of Mr. A. N. Lucy (as James Handley), Mr. G. G. Stopani Thomson (as Aly), Mr. E. S. G. Howard (as Peter Darrell), Mr. R. P. Lindsell (as Marcovitch), and Mr. R. H. Charles (as Silas Hocking). All were really good in quite important parts. The rest of the long cast was made up of Mr. R. Payton Reid, Mr. R. Q. F. Johnston, Mr. J. N. Owen, Mr. J. Smith, Miss Beatrice Curtis, Mr. W. Robertson, Mr. F. Rudland and Mr. T. Wilson, all of whom did really well.

As already stated, the production is in the hands of Major J. Macready, who has for his assistants the following:—General Manager, M. M. Mais; Asst. Stage Managers, G. F. Hole, E. I. Wynne-Jones and H. W. Marshall; Lighting, G. G. Stopani Thomson; Properties A. N. Lucy; Advertising, L. E. Hopkins; Business Manager, H. Davenport Brown.

There is nothing but praise to be bestowed on Mr. W. A. Cornell, who designed and executed the scenery, A.M.

## "IRENE" PIRACY.

## SESSIONS TRIAL OPENS.

## LEGAL POINTS RAISED.

The trial of the seven suspects in the Irene piracy case opened at the Criminal Sessions this morning, before the Chief Justice, Sir Henry Gollan. Mr. Somerset Fitzroy appeared for the Crown, the prisoners being defended by Mr. C. G. Alabaster, K.C., Mr. Lo D'Almeida Castro, further representing the fourth defendant. Mr. C. A. S. Russ, watched on behalf of the owners of the Irene.

The jury was empanelled as follows:—Mr. L. P. Thomas, (foreman), Mr. Julio Cecilio de Sousa Botelho, Mr. Fernando Augusto Prata, Mr. Henry Poon, Mr. Chan Kwai-ping, Mr. W. P. Hedley and Mr. D. Thompson.

The prisoners were charged with piracy on two counts, the lengthy indictments taking a considerable time to read. Before the prisoners were allowed to plead, Mr. Alabaster moved that either one or the other of the two counts of the indictment should be quashed or be treated as separate indictments. The first count purported to be one charging the prisoners with statutory felony,

## FAITH AND DOUBT.

## A READER'S CREED:

A reader writes to say that he is finding the articles on church matters, by the Rev. H. R. L. Sheppard, which we have been publishing for some days past, extremely interesting. He adds that the following quotation, by Tennyson, is apropos to the issues raised and represents his own creed.

For nothing worthy proving can be proven nor yet disproven. Wherefore thou, be wise; cleave.

Ever to the sunnier side of doubt.

And cling to Faith beyond the forms of Faith.

the punishment being death, and therefore equivalent to a murder charge.

Joined Counts.

The second count, although it did not say so, so far as he (Mr. Alabaster) could read the intention of the Crown, was framed to robbery on the high seas. He claimed that they should not be joined and said that there was one case to justify this which had been heard since the Indictment Act of 1918. A man was tried for murder and robbery, the equivalent of the present case, and the Court of Criminal Appeal quashed the second count in the indictment expressing the very strong opinion that charges like murder were too serious to be joined with others.

His Lordship intimated that the matter had been discussed and he gathered that the Puisne Judge had given no actual decision. Continuing, he said he would not call upon Mr. Fitzroy to reply for the Crown. He thought the present cases were easily distinguishable from the cases quoted by Mr. Alabaster. He could quite understand it not being advisable to try basing of murder and robbery based on the same facts because

(Continued on Page 11.)

## TURKISH REDS UNDER ARREST.

## COMMUNIST AGITATION DISCOVERED.

Constantinople, Nov. 20.  
Sixty-four Communists have been arrested, as the result of investigations after the discovery of Communist pamphlets being distributed among the workers in tobacco factories.

Several employees of the Arcos company are said to be implicated. A Greek Communist is among the alleged leaders of the movement.—*Reuters*.

This feature of the play being one of the most outstanding.

Mention should also be made of the following:—Madame Rolande Sarraut and Pamela, who supplied the charming gowns and hats; Messrs. Lane Crawford & Sons; Furniture; "The Sign of the Lamp"; Additional effects; Messrs. Kelly and Walsh, Hongkong Electric Company, General Electric Company, Hongkong and Shanghai Hotels, Roxor Advertising Company, Dr. D. J. Valentine, Dr. Montgomery, Mr. G. Duncan, Mr. B. E. Hongkong Club and the Press generally of the Colony.

The overture and musical selections during the intervals were admirably rendered by the "Medians" of H.M.S. *Titanic*, by kind permission of Captain J. B. Glenross D.S.O., R.N., and officers A.M.

(Continued on Page 8.)

## SCHOOLBOY CHARGED WITH MURDER.

## KOWLOON CITY STABBING AFFRAY.

## SEQUEL TO A QUARREL.

Alleged to have stabbed a 16-years old schoolboy in the back with a pocket knife and thereby caused his death, a 14-years-old schoolboy appeared before Mr. Justice Wood and a jury at the Criminal Sessions this morning, on a charge of murder.

The jurors were:—Mr. T. A. Martin (foreman), Mr. G. H. Stewart, Usif Mahomed Omar, Mr. S. C. Salter, Mr. C. A. de Jesus V. Ribeiro, Tan King-hoon, and Mr. W. R. Wilkinson.

The prisoner, Ng Shiu-shum, is charged with the murder of Tang Lun-pui, at Nga Tsui-wai, Kowloon City, on September 6. It appears that the stabbing resulted from a quarrel, and the prisoner states that he stabbed the boy "by mistake." The case for the Crown is being conducted by Mr. H. K. Holmes, and Mr. N. I. Brewer is defending.

In explaining the circumstances, Mr. Holmes said that while he did not suggest that manslaughter should be the verdict of the jury, yet he considered it was of importance for them to consider the possibility of such a verdict.

On September 6, he continued, three schoolboys including the prisoner, were returning from school and as they were going through the village of Ng Tsui-wai the prisoner jostled against Tang. It was stated that at the time Tang was wearing cloths and was carrying an umbrella, and there had also been reference to an earlier quarrel between the two boys.

Evidence would be given that Tang used his umbrella in a defensive manner, but as the quarrel proceeded the umbrella was handed over to one of the other boys. Tang also took off his cloths. It would appear that he was overpowered by the prisoner and ran away, the prisoner giving chase. At the time he was holding a small pocket knife in his hand.

## Threw a Stone.

It would appear that Tang picked up a small piece of stone and threw it at the prisoner, but it did not hit him. The two boys ran on chasing the other, for a distance of about 130 yards, until Tang reached a small clearing near a temple. Tang was seen to fall, and then the prisoner stabbed him in the back.

The medical evidence would show that although the wound was a small one it caused internal hemorrhage and the boy died very shortly after being admitted to hospital. Apparently a man, who had not been traced, came up and slapped the prisoner on the face. Both boys ran away, Tang going home. When he reached his home he was apparently in a serious condition and was taken to hospital.

Dealing with the importance of the prisoner's age, Mr. Holmes quoted the ordinance as follows: Sentence of death shall not be pronounced on or recorded against a prisoner, who, in the opinion of the court, is under the age of 16 years. If the prisoner was under the age of 16 there was a presumption in law in his favour as to his capacity to commit such a crime. Evidence would be called that the boy was not less than 14 years old. That presumption could be rebutted from the boy's conduct at the time when it appeared that he was capable.

Mr. Holmes again quoted "A child of seven, and under 14, is presumed to be incapable of criminal intent, but the presumption should be rebutted and weakened with the advance of the child's years towards 14. The particular facts and circumstances attending the doing of the act manifest the extent, understanding, and disposition of the child."

The jury would be told that Tang showed no wound of any sort with the exception of the knife wound which caused his death, but the prisoner did show a slight bruise on his left forearm. That would be of importance with regard to the actual quarrel.

## Boy's Statement.

Before Tang's death the prisoner was charged with stabbing. In reply to that charge he said that he went to a theatrical performance at the Hau Wong Temple, when Tang got together a gang of men to attack him (prisoner). "I did not fight with him before, therefore I recognised him. Today I saw him at the stream at Nga Tsui-wai. I pushed him and he struck me with an umbrella and also threw stones at me. I chased him and by mistake I stabbed him."

When Tang died, continued Mr. Holmes, the prisoner was charged with murder. In a reply to that charge he made a similar statement, at the end of which he said,

"(Continued on Page 8.)

## OLD BELIEFS.

## INCONSISTENCIES OF PRAYER BOOK.

## "ETERNAL HELL" IDEA.

The Rev. H. R. L. Sheppard, the popular preacher, deals drastically in this extract from his forthcoming book with the dogma of eternal punishment, the Apostolic Succession, and the disestablishment of the Church.

It was suggested that the greatest contribution that Jesus Christ made to religion was not, as is nowadays so often implied, His kindness to the individual—gracious as that most certainly was—but the belief on which He based His life, that God was, as the ideal and perfect father.

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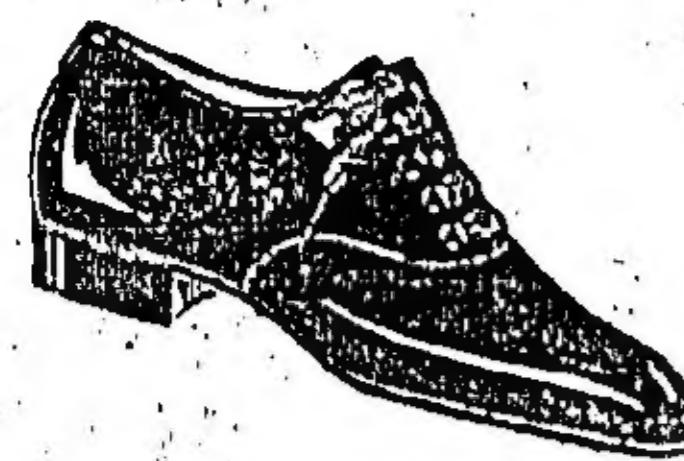
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Mr. Holmes again quoted "A child of seven, and under 14, is presumed to be incapable of criminal intent, but the presumption should be rebutted and weakened with the advance of the child's years towards 14. The particular facts and circumstances attending the doing of the act manifest the extent, understanding, and disposition of the child."

The jury would be told that Tang showed no wound of any sort with the exception of the knife wound which caused his death, but the prisoner did show a slight bruise on his left forearm. That would be of importance with regard to the actual quarrel.

Before Tang's death the prisoner was charged with stabbing. In reply to that charge he said that he went to a theatrical performance at the Hau Wong Temple, when Tang got together a gang of men to attack him (prisoner). "I did not fight with him before, therefore I recognised him. Today I saw him at the stream at Nga Tsui-wai. I pushed him and he struck me with an umbrella and also threw stones at me. I chased him and by mistake I stabbed him."

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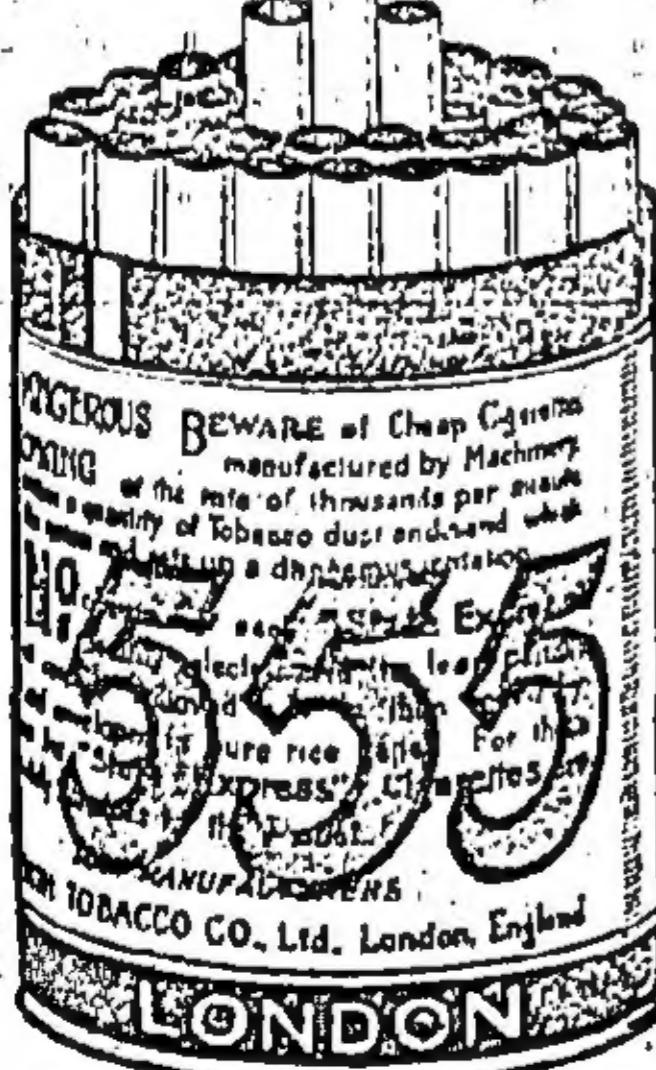


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# THE WORLD OF SPORT



## QUEEN'S FAIL.

## CHINESE SUCCEED BY A GOAL.

## CURIOUSLY LOW SCORES.

[By "Wanderer"]

Saturday's results are in striking contrast to those of recent weeks when a glut of goals accrued, only five goals being scored in the Senior Division games. Three matches were drawn, the only sides to gain full points being the Chinese Athletic and the R.A.F.

The league leaders were severely pressed by the Queen's but snatched the victory about fifteen minutes from the end.

The battle of the Junior Division "A" between the K.O.S.B. Reserves and the Chinese Athletic Reserves was marred by a display of temper in the second half, as the result of which Toil, centre-forward, and Mak Kwok-tung were ordered off the field. A penalty award enabled the K.O.S.B. to preserve their record of having won every competitive game since their arrival in Hongkong.

The results were:

### Senior Division.

Kowloon	0	South China	0
Chinese Ath.	1	Queen's	1
Scots Guards	1	R.A.	1
R.A.F.	2	H.K.F.C.	0
Police	0	Recreio	0

### Junior Division "A."

R.A. Res.	1	S. China "B"	2
K.O.S.B.	2	Chinese Ath.	1
St. Joseph's	5	S. China "A"	0
University	0	Kowloon	0
Recreio	3	Club Res.	2

### Junior Division "B."

Boy Scouts	2	St. Joseph's	2
Chinese Ath.	3	S. China "A"	0
S. China "B"	1	Kung Woo	0
Moslems	5	Kowloon	0

### Kowloon's Failure.

Kowloon's failure could by no means be attributed to lack of cohesion, their movements at times being delightful to watch, while South China never looked likely to snatch the victory. The forwards, however, were curiously incapable of robbing off their attacks, and South China left with a point to their credit.

The game was productive of plenty of thrills, chiefly round the South China goal, and so near were many of the Kowloon efforts, that a vigorous appeal was made on one occasion that the ball had actually crossed the goal-line.

The first half was blank with Kowloon in the ascendancy and the home side made still more strenuous efforts after the interval. Sims eventually joining the attack in desperate endeavour to open the scoring. He came very near on more than one occasion, and the South China defence was run to a point of tiredness, proving capable nevertheless of holding out to the end.

Pile and May, on the Kowloon right wing, were the most effective forwards. May being the principal factor in the attack. He was very closely watched and unhesitatingly tackled by the visitors, often laid him open to a charge of slowness.

Sims was the outstanding player. He is a great general and made openings time and again which certainly should have been improved upon. Jones and Caveille were sound at back, and Wood did all required of him in good style.

South China were best served by the pivot, right back and goalkeeper.

### Athletic Survive Onslaught.

In some ways, the Chinese Athletic should be gratified at leaving the Club ground credited with scoring the only goal of their game against the Queen's Royal Regiment. Superb work by their defence, particularly the remarkable understanding between Lai Yuk-tat and Ng Kam-chuen, gained them the day after a keenly contested game.

If one can use the term hysterical in connexion with soccer, play was distinctly on the hysterical side throughout, neither side possessing a forward who held the ball long enough to steady the attack when within shooting range.

Nevertheless, it was a game thrilling with incident and there was a storm fight for supremacy in the second half. The Queen's tired first and lost, though suffice it to say that they will play many worse games in this Colony and win.

In midfield the Queen's were the more pushed side. The half-backs pushed the ball along the carpet and the passing between forwards was delightfully accurate. The Chinese defence rose to the occasion, tackling keenly and covering their goal in ideal manner. Pau Ka-ping, however, experienced many anxious moments, and in the closing stages when the Queen's made desperate efforts to equalise, his goal often appeared to have a charmed life. Pau gave an almost perfect example of goalkeeping.

Moss, the Queen's custodian, was perhaps even more in the picture. He was repeatedly called upon for big efforts owing to errors by the men in front of him, and he thrilled the spectators with a brilliant display, amounting sometimes, with his kicking and punching, almost to darling. The goal scored by Wong Pak-chong passed under his body as he dived for a shot from five yards' range.

Barclay was not a success at centre-forward. He was too much an individualist to hope to succeed against a keen defence, and his shooting from thirty yards was so much effort wasted. Morris took the eye most in the Queen's defence, though Hooper was responsible for many brilliant interceptions.

The Athletic won because not giving such a polished exhibition of the finer points, they were much quicker on the ball and their movements were carried out with speed as well as precision. Sun Kam-shun did less than usual but two shots he put in during the first half deserved a better fate.

### R.A.F. Win Again.

The R.A.F. with two goals against the Club, were top scorers in the Senior League. While the football exhibited never reached a high standard, incident was plentiful and both goals had narrow escapes.

The R.A.F. won, and deserved to win, their half-backs rendering much better support than the Club forwards were accorded, while the vanguard showed plenty of enterprise.

Vernon opened the score in the first half, and Robins put on the second after the interval, when Wallington had unsighted Rodger. Gerrard led the Club forwards with considerable dash, and he put in many hard drives, but generally speaking the men on either side failed to give him adequate support.

### R.A. Snatch a Point.

Scoring through Ward two minutes from the end, the Royal Artillery retrieved a point from the Scots Guards. In the opening half the Scots Guards gave a sound exhibition, their forceful play resulting in many dangerous raids on the R.A. goal and scoring eventually through McViven.

McLeish was a brilliant raider, gathering the ball quickly, dribbling effectively, and middling the ball with accuracy. The Guards, however, did not improve upon his efforts, and in the second half the R.A. had a more prominent share of the exchanges. Feeling ran high at one stage of the game, and Mr. Smith had to administer cautions. Ward noted after Leach and Fulford had missed easy opportunities.

### Surprise for Recreio.

The Police gave a surprising exhibition against the Club de Recreio and forced a goalless draw. The result was even more remarkable in view of the fact that the Police were not at full strength and had Estell deputising for Clark in goal. Estell gave a splendid display and played a conspicuous part in the restraint placed on the Recreio forwards.

Territorially the Portuguese team had the balance of play, but were ineffective in the play, though once had a day off, his shooting being much below par, and this unsteadiness seemed to have an influence the remainder of the forwards.

The best football was seen in the closing stages, when the goal-scoring efforts of both sides appeared more likely to bear fruit than at any other period of the game.

There were plenty of thrills, both defences needing to play well to hold the opposing vanguard. Xavier and Wynne were the two most prominent players, other than the goalkeepers.

## OUR FOOTBALL COMPETITION.

### PRIZE OF \$50 WEEKLY.

The "Hongkong Telegraph" offers a prize of \$50 to the readers who send in twelve correct forecasts of the results of the English and Scottish Football League matches (to be played on Saturday next, November 26th) set out in the Coupon below. No goal scores are required; only forecasts showing wins or draws.

In the event of no reader forecasting all twelve matches, a prize of \$25 will be given to the reader who sends in the greatest number of correct forecasts; and in the event of two or more readers sending in an equal high number, the prize of \$25 will be divided.

The competition is in accordance with the rules published in the "Telegraph" during the weeks August 29—September 24.

### "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" FORECAST COMPETITION.

Matches to be played on November 26th:

DIVISION I.

Derby C. v. Wednesday  
Liverpool v. Huddersfield  
West Ham v. Middlesbro.  
Portsmouth v. Birmingham

DIVISION II.

Barnsley v. Reading  
Manchester C. v. Stoke  
Port Vale v. Cheltenham  
Preston N.E. v. Notts C.

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

Airdrie v. Cowdenbeath  
Clyde v. Rangers  
Hamilton v. Kilmarnock  
St. Johnstone v. Hearts.

Name .....

Address .....

No. 13. Date .....

Strike out the teams which you think will lose, but make no marks in respect of matches which you think will be drawn.

All claims must reach this office not later than Wednesday following the date on which the matches are played. No prize will be awarded for which a claim has not been made.

Before sending in your coupons, mark your forecasts on the duplicate list given below. Keep your duplicate lists and compare them later with the published results of the matches and if you find that you have eight or more correct send in a claim for the prize.

Mark your envelope "Football" on the front and write your name (without address) on the back of the envelope.

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Preston N.E. v. Notts C.  
Airdrie v. Cowdenbeath  
Clyde v. Rangers  
Hamilton v. Kilmarnock  
St. Johnstone v. Hearts.

MANILA BOXER.

LOSES FIGHT ON FOUL.

Cleveland, Nov. 15.—Eddie Shea, Chicago's leading featherweight, won from Johnny Hill, Filipino fighter, in the tenth round of their scheduled feature event here to-night on a foul.

Hill, who is former featherweight champion of the Orient, hit Shea several inches below the belt and the referee raised Shea's hand after an examination had been made.

Hill was leading the fighting when the blow was struck and was a sure winner. It was a slow and uninteresting bout.

AN UNWANTED ALIEN.

APPEAL OF AUSTRIAN IN JAVA REFUSED.

Batavia, Nov. 15.

The Governor of West Java has rejected the appeal of the Austrian V. A. Petkovic against his exclusion from the Dutch East Indies.

When Petkovic, who had previously practised in Java as a dentist, arrived from Europe, his luggage was found to contain a quantity of gold and dangerous chemicals. The Immigration Office refused permission to land.

## HONGKONG MAKE POOR SHOW.

(Continued from Page 1.)

Shanghai—1st Innings.

D. W. Leach, c Braco ..... 20

P. Madar, c Pearce, b Dobbie ..... 1

J. A. Quynle, c Dale, b Braco ..... 20

F. Stokes, c Dale, b Braco ..... 20

Capt. E. I. M. Barrett, c Ramsay, b Braco ..... 146

L. Rawsthorne, b Hankey ..... 8

T. J. Hegarty, b Braco ..... 0

H. W. Allison, c Goodwin, b Hankey ..... 23

G. E. Oldersson, c Pearce, b Hankey ..... 10

J. A. Isaacs, c Dobbie, b Hankey ..... 5

E. G. Barnes, not out ..... 1

Extras ..... 26

Total ..... 260

Fall of wickets: 1 for 22, 2 for 27,

3 for 40, 4 for 66, 5 for 83, 6 for 94,

7 for 133, 8 for 215, 9 for 237, 10 for 260.

Bowling Analysis.

O. M. R. W.

Dobbie ..... 20 6 38 2

Wales ..... 10 3 28 1

Han

## MACAO RACES.

## PROGRAMME FOR FIFTH EXTRA MEETING.

The programme for the fifth Extra Race Meeting of the International Race and Recreation Club of Macao, which will be held on December 11, is as follows:

1.—The Penta Plate (5 Furlongs), winner \$200, 2nd \$100, 3rd \$50, for all China ponies that have started at Macao and have not been started since September 1, 1927.

2.—The Macao 1927 Griffins' Stakes (4 Miles), Winner \$300, 2nd \$125, 3rd \$75. For all China ponies, 10 lbs. extra.

3.—The Kuling Plate (3 1/2 Miles), winner \$200, 2nd \$75, 3rd \$50. For China ponies that have not won more than one race this year at time of entry. Maidens allowed 5 lbs. extra.

4.—The Tai Ping Plate (Half Mile), winner \$200, 2nd \$75, 3rd \$50. For China ponies. Winners this year races of 5 furlongs or under, other races confined to Subscription Horses of Hongkong Jockey Club, of race 7 lbs. extra, of two or more races 10 lbs. extra.

5.—The West Lake Plate (7 Furlongs). Winner \$250, 2nd \$100, 3rd \$50. For all China ponies that have started at Macao or Hong Kong and won since September 1, 1927. Plated ponies allowed 5 lbs. extra.

6.—The Macao 1927 Champion Sweepstakes (1 1/4 Miles). Winner \$50, 2nd \$125, 3rd \$75. Forced entry of \$5. For all and only China ponies entered at this meeting that won at Macao during the year 1927. Weight for inches as per scale, each starter to pay in addition a further entrance fee of \$10.

7.—The Nil Desperandum Plate (3 1/2 Miles). Winner \$150, 2nd \$60, 3rd \$40. For all China ponies that have started at this meeting and not won.

Entries for all events must reach Secretary not later than 3 p.m. Friday, November 25, 1927, at 15 Avenida Almeida Ribeiro, Macao.

Entries unaccompanied by entrance fees, will not be accepted. Name, colour and height of pony also required.

Forms of entry may be held on application to the Secretary of the I.R.C., Macao, Hongkong Jockey Club and Hongkong Club.

Should it be considered necessary to modify the conditions of events, the decision of the Committee shall final.

## LOCAL BILLIARDS.

## PORTUGUESE ANNUAL INTER CLUB TOURNAMENT.

The first match in the annual Portuguese inter-club billiards tournament was played at the Catholic Union Club between the Club Lusitano and a Club do Recreio, the Kowloon players winning by 94 points.

The tournament is held annually under the auspices of the Lusitano Billiards Association, with the following three entries, Club Lusitano, Club Recreio and Catholic Union.

There was no tournament in 1925 or 1926, 1912, when the competition was first started, the winners being—

12. Catholic Union Club; 1913, Club Lusitano; 1914, Club de Recreio; 1915/16, (no competition); 1920, Catholic Union Club; 1921, Catholic Union Club; 1922, Catholic Union Club; 1923, Catholic Union Club; 1924, 1925/26, (no competition).

Club Lusitano v. Club de Recreio. The result of the first round of the 1927 Tournament played at the Catholic Union Club was as follows:

Club Lusitano.

Pts. O. Remedios ..... 210

A. Carvalho ..... 158

C. Rozario ..... 190

A. Remedios ..... 250

R. Soares ..... 181

R. Beltrão ..... 203

M. Luz ..... 218

R. Sequira ..... 250

E. Silva ..... 250

Luz (65 break) ..... 250

Total ..... 2121

Club de Recreio.

Pts. V. Ribeiro ..... 250

A. Silva ..... 250

F. Luz (72 break) ..... 250

Gosaro ..... 168

Letino (43 break) ..... 250

Rocha ..... 250

M. Ozorio ..... 145

M. Remedios ..... 152

A. Yvanovich ..... 152

Total ..... 2215

Club de Recreio won by 94 points.

Highest Break—Mr. R. F. Luz.

Catholic Union meets Club Lusitano in the second round (November 1/25), and the final will be between Catholic Union and Club de Recreio Nov. 28 to Dec. 2.

Atlanta, Georgia, Nov. 19.

Bobby Jones, recipient of a \$50,000 residence at a banquet in his honour.

The chairman stated that it was a tribute from the home folk not only to the world's greatest golfer but to those qualities which endeared him as a sportsman and gentleman.

Bobby, in responding, blushed and stammered that he was more than happy if he proved worthy of the honour.

Reuter's American Service.

## HOME FOOTBALL.

## SATURDAY'S RESULTS.

The full results of Saturday's Home football matches as cabled by Reuter were as follows:

Division I.

Birmingham 1 Arsenal 1

Blackburn 1 West Ham 0

Portsmouth 3 Bolton 1

Cardiff 4 Derby 4

Sunderland 0 0

Huddersfield 3 Bury 1

U. 5 Aston Villa 1

Middlesbrough 1 Liverpool 1

Newcastle 1 Burnley 1

Wednesday 1 Leicester 2

Tottenham 2 Sheffield U: 2

Division II.

Blackpool 0 Leeds 2

Bristol C. 1 Preston N. E. 3

Chelsea 2 Nottingham Forest 1

Clapton 0 Manchester C. 2

Grimsby 3 Port Vale 0

Notts. County 3 Barnsley 1

Oldham 5 Wolves 0

Reading 5 South Shields 1

Southampton 5 Fulham 1

Stoke 1 Swansea 1

West Brom. 1 Hull 1

Division III (South).

Brentford 4 Walsall 1

Bournemouth 2 Merthyr 1

Brighton 4 Plymouth 0

Crystal Pal. 2 Newport 0

Exeter 0 Swindon 1

Luton 5 Gillingham 1

Millwall 9 Coventry 1

Northants 2 Charlton 1

Norwich 1 Watford 1

Southend 2 Bristol R. 1

Torquay 1 Queen's P. R. 0

Division III (North).

Barrow 1 Clewe 1

Bradford 0 Lancaster 1

Chesterfield 0 Wigton 1

Durham 1 Hartlepools 0

Nelson 3 Halifax 1

Rochdale 3 Bradford C. 0

Southport 3 New Brighton 1

Stockport 3 Ashton 1

Tunstall 3 Darlington 1

Wrexham 0 Accrington 1

Scotish League.

Total ..... 174

Bowling Analysis.

L. J. Gutierrez, M. Pinna, D. Lopes, F. H. Carvalho and C. M. Souza did not bat.

O. M. R. W. Alexander ..... 15 1 58 2

Randall ..... 6 1 22 1

King ..... 9 1 65 2

Sparrow ..... 2 1 11

Baker ..... 1 1 7

Police R. C. ..... 1

G. F. Alexander, c Alves, b Pinna ..... 1

Dr. J. R. Craig, c Gutierrez, b Pinna ..... 13

W. le B. Sparrow, b Souza ..... 2

T. H. King, b Alves ..... 15

W. F. Meadows, b Alves ..... 21

B. J. Baker, b. h.w. Reed ..... 0

A. Reynolds, c Souza, b Noronha ..... 6

S. Randall, c Reed, b Noronha ..... 0

R. Reed, b Reed ..... 21

B. J. Thorpe, not out ..... 11

L. J. Wayland, c Alves, b Reed ..... 0

Extras ..... 17

Total (for 4 wks., dec.) 174

Bowling Analysis.

O. M. R. W. Alexander ..... 15 1 58 2

Randall ..... 6 1 22 1

King ..... 9 1 65 2

Sparrow ..... 2 1 11

Baker ..... 1 1 7

Police R. C. ..... 1

G. F. Alexander, c Alves, b Pinna ..... 1

Dr. J. R. Craig, c Gutierrez, b Pinna ..... 13

W. le B. Sparrow, b Souza ..... 2

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W. F. Meadows, b Alves ..... 21

B. J. Baker, b. h.w. Reed ..... 0

A. Reynolds, c Souza, b Noronha ..... 6

S. Randall, c Reed, b Noronha ..... 0

R. Reed, b Reed ..... 21

B. J. Thorpe, not out ..... 11

L. J. Wayland, c Alves, b Reed ..... 0

Extras ..... 17

## LEAGUE CRICKET.

## RECREIO BEAT POLICE IN SECOND DIVISION.

There was only one match played on Saturday in the Hongkong Cricket League, this being on the Recreio ground at King's Park, where the home team met and defeated the Police by a broad margin.

The Portuguese players batted first and gave a very consistent display, the Police proving ineffective in their bowling. Reed contributed 42 while the other high scorers were Alves (40 not out), Souza (35 not out) and Xavier (23), the innings realising a total of 174 runs for four wickets declared.

The visitors replied with 111, Meadows and Thorpe scored 21 and 11 respectively, the latter being undefeated.

Scores:

Club de Recreio.

R. G. Reed, c Wayland, b Alexander ..... 42

H. M. Xavier, b Alexander ..... 33

D. P. Xavier, c Craig, b King ..... 40

H. A. Alves, not out ..... 40

J. E. Noronha, c and b King ..... 35

E. de Souza, not out ..... 35

Extras ..... 11

Total (for 4 wks

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STREET.**

HYDE PARK MEETING ENDS  
WITH A FIGHT.

SEVERAL PERSONS HURT.

Following a Hyde Park meeting last month, a street fight in which several people were hurt, broke out in Oxford-street.

So large was the crowd that at one time traffic was held up, and the street had to be cleared by the police.

The scene of the fight was outside Bond-street Tube Station. A party of Fascists had been followed by opponents from the Marble Arch. The rival factions came to blows as the Fascists were about to enter the station.

According to eye-witnesses sticks were freely used, and so threatening was the situation that the gates at the entrance to the station were closed.

The doors of other establishments that were open were also shut as a precaution.

"I saw the crowd coming down from the direction of the park," said one who was present.

"They were shouting and jeering. When the Tube station was reached there was a sudden scuffle, and I then saw sticks and fists being used."

"The crowd was forcing a way into the station when the police arrived and cleared them out, and the iron gates were then drawn across."

"Several people inside looked as if they had been roughly handled. The ambulance came up to take one man away, and I saw another limping up the street, assisted by companions."

**MEXICAN REVOLT.**

REBEL GENERAL CAUGHT  
AND EXECUTED.

Mexico City, Nov. 19.

General Oscar Aguilar, commander of a unit under General Servano, has been captured at Nuevo Laredo when endeavouring to cross the frontier. It is reported that he has been executed.—*Reuter's American Service*.

**AIR VENTURES.**

MACHINE CRASHES IN  
POLAND.

London, Nov. 19.

Information regarding the whereabouts of Captain McIntosh and Hinkler, the two British airmen who left England on Tuesday afternoon for the Far East, is very sparse and incomplete.

The Air Ministry late last night received a message coming from the Polish aviation authorities, from which it is gathered that the airmen on Thursday made a landing, owing to fog, in Poland, and resumed their flight yesterday morning.

Other messages received regarding the airmen are of a conflicting nature.—*British Wireless*.

Warsaw, Nov. 19.

Captain McIntosh is returning to London.

Later.

McIntosh and Hinkler started on their return flight to London at 10 a.m. on Friday morning.

Shortly afterwards a machine alleged to be theirs crashed at Misana near Lemberg the machine being wrecked and two farmers injured. The pilots were not hurt.

The airmen went to an hotel and refused to make a statement. The flight is decidedly mysterious as it is eleven hundred miles from Upavon to Galicia and appears to have taken the airmen over twenty-four hours.

The airmen, who made a splendid landing, are variously reported to have descended owing to fog or shortage of petrol.

Later.

It is ascertained that Captain McIntosh made a forced landing at Misana and was seriously injured.

The machine was damaged beyond local repair.

The airmen are proceeding home by train.—*Reuter*.

Cobham Again Delayed.

London, Nov. 19.

Sir Alan Cobham was again delayed by fog from resuming his flight on an aerial survey round Africa.

He flew from Hamble to see if the weather was clearer beyond the Isle of Wight but, finding it worse, he returned to the seaplane moorings in the River.

—*British Wireless*.

London, Nov. 20.

Sir Alan Cobham left for Bordeaux from Southampton at 8.25 on the first stage of his African flight.—*Reuter*.

Safe Arrival at Lyons.

Lyons, Nov. 19.

Mr. Carberry has arrived here.—*Reuter*.

R.A.F. Tour.

Karachi, Nov. 19.

The four Royal Air Force flying boats which are making a journey to Australia have arrived.—*Reuter*.

Plans for New Offensive.

Nanking, Nov. 19.

Preparations for the resumption of hostilities against the Northerners appear to be in the making. Nationalist troops are arriving at Nanking in large numbers from the South, and on representation having been made, a

**THE CHINA SITUATION.**

MERCHANTS PERTURBED.

Shanghai, Nov. 20.

A message from Hankow dated November 19 states that Chen Chien arrived there yesterday and took over control.

He was greeted at the wharf-side by a large delegation of merchants and officials.

Excitement is dying down though martial law prevails.

Many communists were arrested,

one being executed for inciting disturbances.

The perturbation of merchants has been increased by reports that while the forces will accept the newcomers' banknotes, all taxes must be paid in silver.—*Reuter*.

Chen Chien in Charge.

Hankow, Nov. 19.

As anticipated, General Chen Chien, the commander of the Nanjing Expedition against Hankow has arrived at the latter city and has taken charge of the situation.

Troops are continuing to arrive in large numbers, but at present everything is quiet.—*Naval Wireless*.

Following Up.

Nanking, Nov. 19.

Instructions have been issued for the Nationalist to follow up the attack against Ho Chien, and Nangpu has been captured, according to information received.

The 13th Army has moved westward from Kiukiang and is now occupying a fifty-mile front running south from the vicinity of Lung Kau to the Yangtze.

The 17th Army has been moved to Wuchang.—*Naval Wireless*.

Nationalist Claims.

Shanghai, Nov. 19.

A Nationalist communiqué upon the operations ending in the capture of Pengpu states that Kwantun and Mingkwan were captured on November 8 and Lin Hwai Kwan was occupied on November 11, whereafter the enemy from Pengpu launched several counter-attacks, all of which were repulsed.

The Northern forces at Fengyangkwan held out despite heavy losses, but were finally driven back on November 15.

Finally, a surprise attack carried Pengpu on Wednesday afternoon.

"All districts south of the Hwai river are now completely cleared of Northerners."

Ho Ying-ching inspected the defences of Pengpu to-day, which will henceforth be his headquarters.—*Reuter*.

Unrest at Shanghai.

Shanghai, Nov. 19.

It is understood that General Chiang Kai-shek, whose marriage has been postponed to December 1, informed foreign Pressmen this afternoon that he has decided to return to the Nationalist Revolution, in compliance with the popular demand, as an important member of the Central Executive Committee of the Kuomintang, probably in a quasi-military capacity.

He expressed his belief that the Kuomintang conference (in connexion with which preliminary conversations are already proceeding) would result in the unification of the Canton, Nanking, and Hankow cliques.

It is understood that General Chiang Kai-shek and Mr. Wang Ching-wei, at their meeting reached a mutually satisfactory understanding.—*Reuter*.

Unrest at Shanghai.

Shanghai, Nov. 19.

Labour unrest appears to be increasing and continual strikes are taking place. The Settlement is quiet, the situation being normal.—*Naval Wireless*.

Madame C. C. Wu.

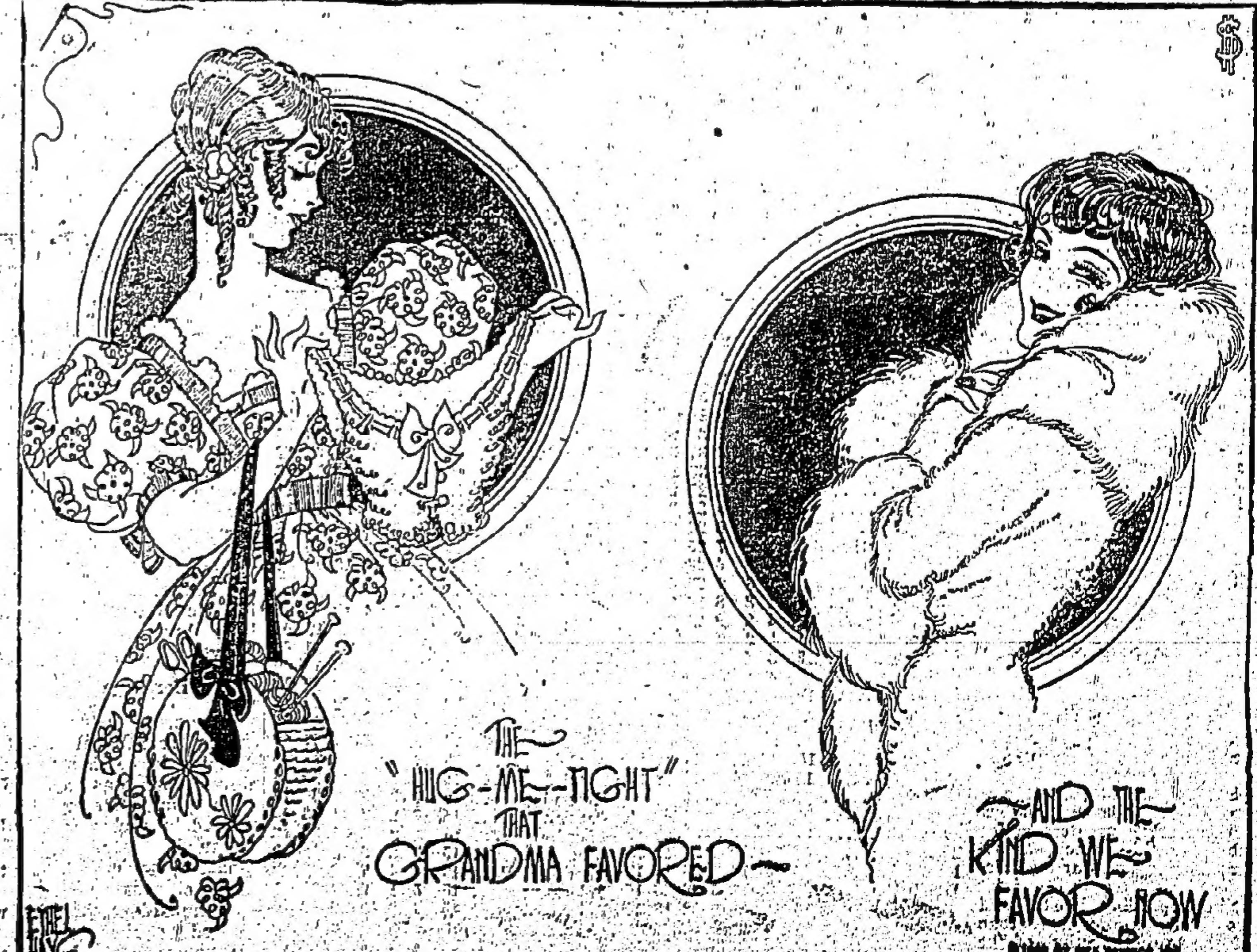
(Our Own Correspondent.)

Shanghai, Nov. 19.

Madame C. C. Wu, wife of the Nationalist Foreign Minister, has arrived here, showing signs of worry and fatigue after her arrest and detention by the northern warlords.

Interviewed by pressmen, Madame Wu said she had suffered because she overrated the good faith of the militarists. Prior to her departure for Tientsin to recuperate her health she was warned against proceeding, but was wiser now. Her experience had been bought dearly.

**THEN AND NOW.**



**"FEMALES" WHO ARE "HORRORS."**

ASTOR'S ADDRESS TO GLASGOW WOMEN.

"IMMORAL" CLOTHES.

Why is it that moral women wear such immoral clothes?

The question, Lady Astor told a meeting of Glasgow women advocating equal citizenship in M'Lellan Galleries, was put to the other day by a man. Excited the Viscountess cried out: "He was right; he was right."

I believe that is a thing that is ridiculous; but I do think it is shocking thing, when we are manding a single standard morals for the sexes; that so many of us should go round in apparel clothes—in a fashion set up by a few unfortunate women in foreign land who have to live with their bodies.

I am not afraid of women, said apropos the flapper vote. I am not afraid of democracy; believe that the world is gradually getting better, and how could get better without our help? Some say that women are revolutionary. Women are evolutionary.

I think the danger to the community will come from two types of people—those who want to go too fast and those who don't want to go at all. These are equally stupid and wrong.

I am not one of those who believe that you are going to clear the slums away at once. You build houses, but there is a small mind that you have to deal with.

It is my opinion that nurseries save far more than health costs. Every woman knows that there is no such thing as equality.

We realise that the only hope the world is that the people have got talents shall use them to help the people who have none.

When it comes to the question of finance I guarantee no man does do with his money what a woman does.

There are two kinds of women—the one who has the mother instinct, and the other whom I call a female. She is a horror.

She does not want to help the world; she wants to get what can out of the world. She is a danger. I don't think she will be interested in politics, thank Heaven.

My hope of world peace with the women of the English speaking countries. They are more advanced than the women of the Latin races.

The House of Commons will be pleased when I tell them, I intend to do, that one of the reasons for the failure of the Geneva Conference was because we did not have big enough men there to present us.

We don't ask for the standard of morals. We want men to have the women's standards. The men are what the women make them, and we have got to begin with our own children.

OUR NEW SERIAL

## THE HOUSE OF SIN.

By ALLEN UPWARD.  
(Author of "The Yellow Hand,"  
"The Ordeal of Fire," etc.)

**CHAPTER I.**  
It was at the curious hour of five on a summer morning, in a very recent year, that there came a knocking, low, discreet, but very persistent, at the door of a house situated in a quiet street in the neighbourhood of the British Museum.

In that quarter of London, at that hour, the most profound silence generally prevails. The latest reveller has gone to bed. The earliest milkman has not begun his round. What possible business could any one have in that respectable region at such an hour? And how could his business be of so secret a nature as was suggested by those continuous, stealthy knocks?

The door of the house offered one possible explanation of the untimely summons, for it bore a small brass plate on which might be deciphered, in very unobtrusive letters, the inscription, "A. Tarleton, M.D." The need, the urgent and peremptory need of medical assistance might indeed account for the unusual hour of the call, yet scarcely for that secretive touch upon the knocker.

Arun, Dr. Tarleton's practice did not seem to be of a character which subjected him to nocturnal summonses, for his doorpost was not furnished with a night bell. There was something peculiar in this; there was something still more peculiar in the fact that the name of Dr. Tarleton was familiar to every newspaper reader as that of a specialist of world-wide reputation, and yet that he was visited by fewer patients than any general practitioner in London.

Most of his visitors, moreover, came to him with much the same air of reserve and mystery as the one whose furtive knocking was just beginning to penetrate to the ears through the thick folds of sleep.

Dr. Tarleton awoke with a start, and his first instinctive action bore further witness to the strange character of his practice. He stretched out a hand to the small table which stood beside his bed, and felt for a loaded revolver that lay within easy reach. Only when it was in his grasp did he sit up and take stock of his situation.

The name of Dr. Tarleton was held in honour by the medical profession as well as by the outside public. He filled a Government post of high responsibility and confidence. What had he done, what could be done, that he should go to sleep night after night with a lethal weapon at his elbow, like one who feels himself to be encompassed by mortal enemies?

The bright sunshine of the summer morning filtered through the venetian blinds of the doctor's bedroom, which was on the front of the house. The knocking that came up from below, subdued as it was, gave some assurance that the errand of the visitor was peaceable. Dr. Tarleton laid down his revolver and moved cautiously to the nearest window. Tilting up one sash of the blind, he peered through into the street.

The caller himself was invisible, but a well-appointed motor stood before the house, in the charge of a smart chauffeur. The car was a princely one, evidently by a good maker, but it bore no owner's crest, and something in its appearance seemed to the doctor to harmonise with the discreet tone of the knocks which still went steadily on; as though the car were one reserved for secret errands by an owner who led more lives than one. The chauffeur, who had not left his seat, was looking straight before him with an air of well-trained indifference to everything but his own work.

Dr. Tarleton's professional experience enabled him to form a shrewd guess as to the kind of business his visitor had come upon. He slipped into a dressing-gown and went downstairs. His front door was secured by an old-fashioned chain, which permitted him to open it a few inches without giving any chance to the caller to force his way in.

At the first sound of the key turning in the lock the guarded knocking ceased. The specialist perceived through the narrow opening man whose appearance was eminently reassuring. He was the incarnation of respectability, middle-aged, clean-shaven, and dressed with a sobriety which indicated his position in life as something between a secretary and an upper servant. His manner combined the responsibility of one with the deference of the other.

Before unfastening the chain the doctor put the question: "What is it?"

"Dr. Tarleton?" the visitor inquired respectfully.

The doctor jerked his head in answer.

"I am the steward of the Duke of Altringham. His Grace will be extremely obliged if you can come

## OLD BELIEFS.

(Continued from Page 7.)

where they have laid Him" is the outstanding cry of many thoughtful people to-day. Strange as it may sound, I am hopeful about organic Christianity, mainly because I believe there are multitudes within its borders who desire to leave their Churches temporarily to find the air outside not so much a creed as a Christ. It is these people who can recapture the soul of the Gospel and bring back to the Church the lost radiance of the Christian faith.

## Apostolic Succession.

And here I must speak where wise men might feel it advisable to hold their peace. What is the one great rock on which every modern desire for an increase of Christian charity and comprehensiveness dashes itself in vain? Undoubtedly it is the doctrine of the Apostolic Succession—the idea that no Church can be thought to have any true existence unless its officers can trace their authority by a direct ceremonial transmission through the laying on of hands, to Apostolic times.

We should also do well to remember that the Apostolic *par excellence*—the man to whom ancient and modern theologians refer habitually as the Apostle—owed nothing officially to his brother apostles. His office came direct by a mystical consecration to Christ's work.

Is it possible either in fact or in theory to claim Jesus Christ as a witness for the necessity of the Apostolic Succession?

And let me say one word here about those who are set apart for the Ministry. Our profession is not necessarily "sacred." It is dangerous to the last degree to suggest that work that is connected with sacred things must in itself be sacred.

The Churches as a rule can be counted upon to support all that the State suggests; they are hypnotised at moments of crisis just as is the Nation. The State can never move far ahead of the average morality of its citizens, but the Church if it is to express the mind of Christ must always be ahead of public opinion and average morality. Let the cleavage between the Church and the world appear in the Church's ordering of its own life on lines always in advance of humanity.

## A Great Sacrifice.

Meanwhile, Dr. Tarleton was hurrying into his clothes. The clothes were characteristic of the man. They were black, as became his profession, and untidy, as became his learning. The most eccentric feature in his outfit was the watch, a priceless gold repeater, presented to him by a crowned head for an extremely confidential service, which he carried loose, attached to an inch or two of dingy black ribbon, and habitually took out and swing on his finger like a toy whenever he was absorbed in thought or conversion. The watch was as well known as the doctor himself, in every criminal court in England, yet no attempt had ever been made to steal it. This was because there was no professional criminal, however hardened, who would have dared to run the risk of incurring Dr. Tarleton's wrath.

The explanation of this, and of all else that was singular in the doctor's environment, was simple. Dr. Tarleton was the greatest living authority on poisons. It was to study poisons and the history of poisoners that he lived so near the Museum. It was as an expert witness in murder cases that his name was familiar throughout the length and breadth of the land, and famous in foreign lands besides. He held the appointment of Medical Adviser to the Criminal Investigation Department of the Home Office. And such private practice as he had was exclusively connected with cases of suspected poisoning.

It was this private practice which had entailed on Dr. Tarleton the grim necessity of guarding his own life. For it had made him the unwilling possessor of more family secrets, of a more terrible kind, than were known to any other living man. It has been said that more crimes are committed in the square mile that adjoins St. James's Palace than in any other similar area in the world. And some of the gravest of those crimes never come to light. Historic pictures, estates covering half ashire, fortunes of many millions, are the prize of the murders committed in Mayfair. And often the motives for concealing the crime are scarcely less powerful than those prompting it. The Home Office itself may have officials who are influenced by such motives to screen a sufficiently great wrongdoer. Or, again, the crime may be an international one, protected by the privilege of a foreign Embassy from the police, and therefore protected from public curiosity by the police themselves.

A friend of Dr. Tarleton's had been heard to say in a London club that there were at least a dozen men in London, some of them bearing historic names, who could never sleep soundly as long as Tarleton was alive.

(To Be Continued)

## "IRENE" PIRACY.

(Continued from Page 7.)

the constituent elements of the defences in two cases were quite different.

## Different Position.

He (his Lordship) could also understand that the charge of robbery might unduly influence a jury coming to a decision on the charge of murder, but here the position was different. In the present case there were two counts dealing with exactly the same set of circumstances. One count was a charge of piracy with violence and the second was merely a charge of piracy based on the same facts as those on which the first was based.

The difference was that in one case piracy was alleged in circumstances of aggravation, and in the other was simply one of piracy.

He did not think the prisoners could in any way be embarrassed. It seemed to him that it would be rather ridiculous position if the Court was bound to divide the trial in this case, or that if there were a verdict in favour of the prisoners it would be necessary to go into exactly the same facts in order to deal with the second count.

## The Colony's Trade.

Mr. Alabaster intimated that he had another point to raise regarding jurisdiction, pointing out that one count referred to a Chinese steamship on the high seas and the other did not make any distinction.

His Lordship said the question could be raised at the conclusion of the case for the prosecution without prejudice.

All the prisoners pleaded not guilty.

Mr. Fitzroy then opened the case for the Crown and said that the trade which was the life of the Colony could not go on if such things as piracies were allowed to take place.

He had no doubt that the jury would find that piracy and robbery had been committed, that an act endangering life was done and that the men charged were in that event, that they boarded the ship with the intention of robbing it and taking it to Bias Bay.

Mr. Fitzroy continued briefly to outline the events of the piracy and then called Capt. Jahnson who related the incidents on his vessel after the Irene left Shanghai for Amoy.

Cross-examined by Mr. Alabaster, Captain Jahnson said as he was leaving the ship he was fired at by one of the pirates, but was not hit. He recognised the man as the fourth defendant.

Mr. D'Almada rose to cross-examine, but his Lordship said he understood that Mr. Alabaster appeared for all the prisoners

## SHANGHAI REDS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

authorities as well as financially interested parties. The Chinese papers report that striking employees intend as soon as possible to attack the larger industrial establishments in Poctung.

Japanese and Chinese cotton mills are also materially affected by the attitude of labour. For instance the employees of Wing On Mill on Seoul Road, struck on October 31, 3,000 strong, because seven of their leaders were dismissed and hauled before the Provisional Court. In sympathy with these, about 2,000 men and women from the Sung Sing Mill walked out a few days later, to be followed by 2,000 from the Wei Tung Mill.

Usual Threats of Death.

Having accomplished their objective in this respect the agitators began intimidating the industrialists employed by the Tung Woo Mill (Japanese) at 27 Ward Road, and yesterday morning only about 800 of a full complement of 2,064.

Of this number, a few were discharged with a caution at the No. 2 Police Station, and the remainder were brought before Mr. R. E. Lindsell this morning.

The cases excited unusual interest amongst the hawkers and the Court was filled to its utmost capacity.

Before hearing the evidence, Mr. Lindsell enquired of Sergeant Dickson, who was prosecuting, why the arrests were

## HAWKERS ON SPORTS GROUNDS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

## BIG ROUND-UP AT WONG NEI CHUNG.

A wholesale round-up of hawkers was carried out by the police on Saturday afternoon, when over 120 who were trading on the various recreation grounds at Wong Nai Chung, were arrested.

Of this number, a few were discharged with a caution at the No. 2 Police Station, and the remainder were brought before Mr. R. E. Lindsell this morning.

The cases excited unusual interest amongst the hawkers and the Court was filled to its utmost capacity.

Sergeant Dickson:—Complaints have been received from the Football Association.

His Worship:—Why should they complain?

Sergeant Dickson:—People have been complaining about hawkers on the side of the road. They get round the edges of different playgrounds. That is a breach of the regulations.

His Worship:—That regulation was brought into force long before the Chinese started going to football matches. It seems to me the hawkers are appreciated by the crowds. In football matches at Home, you see much the same thing.

Inspector James, of No. 2 Police Station, explained that attempts had been made during the last two months to regulate the hawkers at Happy Valley. The hawkers actually blocked the thoroughfare and it made things difficult for the police to control the grounds.

On Saturday over 120 men were arrested but he had caused a number to be released after a warning.

The charge against the hawkers who had licences was one of a breach of condition of their licences. For this offence sixty-four licensed hawkers were fined \$2 and fifteen who did not make an appearance in court estreated a similar amount bail money. The Magistrate told those who came forward to answer the charge that they were not allowed to hawk at Happy Valley unless they had special permission granted them by the police.

A number of other hawkers who had no licences were fined from \$3 to \$5.

He could not allow two cross-examinations.

Mr. Alabaster said that he had cross-examined in connexion with the fourth prisoner.

The next witness, the second officer, was then called.

The case is proceeding.

## BOILS MEAN BAD BLOOD.

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"For almost a year," says Mr. Charles Hedge, of South Woodstock, Ontario, Canada, "I was a great sufferer from boils. I tried several remedies but they did not help me and I was becoming thin and looked worn out. I was advised to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and did so with the result that the boils disappeared and I have not been troubled with them since." In other words, too, I feel better."

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**AGRICULTURAL SHOW.****FINAL ARRANGEMENTS AGREED UPON.**

Final arrangements in connexion with the agricultural show to be held on the 7th and 8th December, at Sheung Shui, were discussed at a general committee meeting held on Saturday when the Rev. H. R. Wells, O.B.E., president, took the chair. The meeting welcomed Lady Ho Tung on her return from Shanghai after being absent from two meetings of the committee. Lady Ho Tung's personal and practical interest in the forthcoming exhibition is a great incentive to the farmers in and around the district of Sheung Shui.

Mr. Jas. Bullock, N.D.A., of the Dairy Farm Co.'s staff, accepted an invitation to serve on the committee. Mr. Bullock's expert qualifications make him a valuable addition to the committee for future shows if the initial one to be held in the first week in December should encourage the promoters to repeat the show in future. Mr. Bullock holds the National Diploma of Agriculture, College Diploma with Honours, and has three years experience as assistant superintendent at the Glasgow College.

**Financial Position.**

From the point of view of financial support from the public the committee did not meet with any very general response to its appeal. At date of the Finance Sub-Committee's report issued on the 14th inst., there was an available balance of only \$593.50, which includes the following:

Mr. J. A. Fraser's subscription of \$50.

Proceeds of sales of tickets were received from:

Mr. Tang Wei-tong ..... \$35  
Mr. Tang Pak-kau ..... 25  
Mr. Ng Sing-chi ..... 25  
Mr. Hau Tin-hang ..... 4

Since the report was circulated the following further donations have been received:

Mr. S. de Ossa, on behalf of the Chilean Government ..... \$100

Messrs. Brunner Mond & Co. (China), Ltd. .... 50

Messrs. Kan Shean & Co. .... 5

Mr. U Cheuk-man ..... 5

Mr. Pong Choi-ching ..... 5

Mr. Chung Wai-lam ..... 5

Mr. H. K. Woo ..... 10

**Commercial Exhibits.**

Applications to date for Exhibits in the Commercial Section have been received from four firms in Hongkong, viz. Messrs. Andersen, Meyer & Co., Ltd., Messrs. Brunner Mond & Co. (China), Ltd., Messrs. Andrew Harper & Co., and from Mr. W. S. V. Curtis, of the Duro Pump and Engineering Co. Exhibitors in this section propose to show agricultural implements, agricultural machinery and fertilizers and flowers. Objects for exhibit from Messrs. Andrew Harper and Son will include certain units of the Ford Motor Co. This firm proposes to show a mechanical plough in operation which should be of peculiar interest to the farmers. Mr. Curtis will exhibit electric pumps and with his assistance the Committee will be enabled to show films of

educational and entertaining interest on both days of the Show.

Mr. H. W. Ray, manager of the Hongkong Amusements Syndicate, Ltd., has very generously undertaken to place at the disposal of the Committee, free of all cost, two cinema machines, an operator and a supply of comic films. Films of farming interest will be supplied by Messrs. Anderson, Meyer & Co., Messrs. Harper and Son and Mr. Curtis.

**Show Building.**

All material required has been assembled at the Kowloon Railway Station ready for transport to Sheung Shui. The contractor will shortly start work on the Show matted. It covers the entire lawn within Lady Ho Tung's experimental farm and will provide more than ample accommodation for all the exhibits that may be sent in. The section reserved for exhibits from the Botanical and Forestry Department is 50 feet long by 6 feet.

**The Visitors.**

The Headquarters of certain Government schools have shown interest in the agricultural show. The Committee, through the hon. secretary, has been in communication with Mr. A. E. Wood, the Director of Education, to complete arrangements for Government scholars to visit the exhibition. There is no intention of making any charge for admission to school children, and probably the opportunity will be availed of by principals and managers of other than Government schools for their scholars to visit the Show also. It is hoped that the railway management will arrange for special trains at reduced fares to run to and from Sheung Shui on the 7th and 8th December. The Committee are sparing no effort to meet the convenience of the public.

**Cotton Cultivation.**

That cotton can be successfully grown in the New Territories under normal conditions has now been practically demonstrated. Thanks to Mr. Fung Kei-cheuk's enterprise in obtaining from the Nanking Agricultural College and distributing cotton seeds free for experimental purposes, Mr. Yeung Cheuk-nam had them sown in his farm in the Pat Heung district. The first experimental crop is decidedly encouraging. Members of the committee were extremely interested in a cotton bolt exhibited at the meeting on Saturday.

**Special Prizes.**

The Chairman informed the meeting that special prizes had been offered by His Excellency the Governor, Sir Cecil Clementi, K.C.M.G., and by the Hon. Mr. J. Owen Hughes. As for Mr. Owen Hughes' prize it was decided that it be awarded to the exhibitor securing the highest aggregate of first prizes in all classes.

**Opening Ceremony.**

The meeting decided to invite H. E. the Governor to perform the opening ceremony on Wednesday, 7th December, at 2.30 p.m. A sub-committee in charge of the inaugural function has been appointed, composed of Lady Ho Tung, Mr. H. B. L. Dowbiggin and Mr. Fung Kei-cheuk.

**Poultry and Live-Stock Section.**

Mr. Jas. Bullock will be in charge of the Poultry and Live-Stock section. A number of entry forms have been issued to likely exhibitors. Any member of the community wishing to exhibit in this section may apply to the hon. secretary for entry forms. The committee will greatly appreciate co-operation from all residents.

**ANOTHER LADY M.P.****LADY IVEAGH RETURNED FOR SOUTHEND.**

London, Nov. 19. The result of the Southend by-election, held in consequence of the death of Lord Iveagh, whose heir Lord Elvedon was Southend's Parliamentary representative, placed the now Lady Iveagh, the Conservative candidate, at the head of the poll.

By her election, Lady Iveagh becomes the seventh woman M.P. The figures were:

Lady Iveagh (Con.) ..... 21,221

Mr. Dougal Meston (Lib.) ..... 11,912

Mr. J. E. Harper (Lab.) ..... 4,777

Mr. E. A. Hailwood (Ind.) ..... 917

Conservative Maj. ..... 9,309

Reuter.

[In the 1924 election Viscount Elvedon polled 23,417 votes, the Liberal Mr. J. D. Young 10,924 and the Labourite Mr. S. A. Moseley 3,144.]

GERMAN EXTRAVAGANCE.

**MR. PARKER GILBERT'S WARNING.**

Berlin, Nov. 20. Influential German support for Mr. Parker Gilbert, the Agent-General for Reparations, in his recent strictures on German finance, is forthcoming.

Herr Schacht, the President of the Reichstag, in a speech at Bochum, recited an impressive catalogue of communal luxury expenditure on such things as swimming baths, parks, dance-halls, hotels and museums, and declared that if the Municipalities had refrained from expenditure on such non-essential undertakings, they would probably not have had to raise a single one of the communal foreign loans which are now approaching the figure of 650 million marks.

Simultaneously, the Deutsche Volkswoche prints an article stating that Herr Schacht fears that Mr. Parker Gilbert's warning will be wasted unless Germany abandons laissez faire and embraces self-discipline and self-control.—Reuter.

Poultry and Live-Stock Section.

Mr. Jas. Bullock will be in charge of the Poultry and Live-Stock section. A number of entry forms have been issued to likely exhibitors. Any member of the community wishing to exhibit in this section may apply to the hon. secretary for entry forms. The committee will greatly appreciate co-operation from all residents.

**IT'S QUALITY THAT COUNT.**

ELLMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG

TO LONDON, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG via STRAITS & COLOMBO.

Steamship "GLENTARA" (Via Oran) ... 30th Nov.

Steamship "CARNARVONSHIRE" (Via Oran) 28th Dec.

Steamship "GLENIFFER" (Via Oran) ... 25th Jan.

Steamship "GLENANDA" (Via Oran) ... 22nd Feb.

TO SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & VLADIVOSTOCK.

Due Hongkong

Steamship "PEMBROKE SHIRE" ... 29th Nov.

Steamship "GLENIFFER" ... 8th Dec.

Motor Vessel "GLENOGLE" ... 22nd Dec.

Steamship "GLENANDA" ... 12th Jan.

Motor Vessel "GLENAMOY" ... 22nd Jan.

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**CANADIAN PACIFIC****QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC TO VICTORIA & VANCOUVER.****SAILINGS 1927.**

STEAMERS	Hongkong	Shanghai	Kobe	Yokohama	Vancouver
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Dec. 7.	Dec. 10	Dec. 13	Dec. 16	Dec. 28
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Jan. 4	Jan. 7	Jan. 10	Jan. 13	Jan. 22
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Jan. 25	Jan. 28	Jan. 31	Feb. 3	Feb. 12
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Feb. 15	Feb. 18	Feb. 21	Feb. 24	Mar. 4
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Mar. 7	Mar. 10	Mar. 13	Mar. 16	Mar. 25
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Mar. 28	Mar. 31	Apr. 3	Apr. 6	Apr. 15
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Apr. 18	Apr. 21	Apr. 24	Apr. 27	May

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EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN LINES.**

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Burma, Ceylon India, Persian Gulf, Mauritius, E. & S. Africa,  
Australia, including New Zealand & Queensland Ports,  
Red Sea, Egypt, Constantinople, Greece, Levantine Ports,  
Europe, Etc.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS  
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH H.M. GOVERNMENT.)

	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
MONGOLIA	16,504	26th Nov.	Marseilles & London
+ MANTUA	10,946	10th Dec.	Marseilles & London
KHIVA	9,135	17th Dec.	Straits & Bombay
JEYPORE	5,334	17th Dec.	Marseilles & London
KASHGAR	9,005	24th Dec.	Marseilles, L'don & A'werp
MOREA	10,953	7th Jan. 1928	Marseilles & London
KALYAN	9,114	7th Jan.	Straits & Bombay
DEVANHA	8,155	21st Jan.	Marseilles, L'don, & A'werp
MALWA	10,986	4th Feb.	Marseilles & London
KHYBER	9,114	18th Feb.	Marseilles, L'don & A'werp
MACEDONIA	11,120	3rd Mar.	Marseilles & London
* KHIVA	9,135	10th Mar.	Marseilles, L'don & A'werp
KASHMIR	8,985	17th Mar.	Marseilles, L'don & A'werp
MANTUA	10,946	31st Mar.	Marseilles & London

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Pyrenees, Smyrna and other Levant Ports by Steamers of the Khedivial Mail. S.S.C.

Agents: P. &amp; O. Co., Ltd.

TALMA 10,000 7th Dec. S'pore, Penang &amp; Calcutta

TILAWA 10,006 11th Dec. S'pore, Penang &amp; Calcutta

**BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS**

TALMA 10,000 7th Dec. S'pore, Penang &amp; Calcutta

TILAWA 10,006 11th Dec. S'pore, Penang &amp; Calcutta

**EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)**

TANDA 6,956 2nd Dec. Manila, Sandakan, Thurs

ST. ALBANS 4,500 30th Dec. Island, Townsville, B'hane

ARAFURA 6,000 27 Jan. 1928. Sydney and Melbourne.

TANDA 6,656 2nd Mar. Calls at Port Holland.

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hongkong to Japan and

Hongkong to Australia.

The P. &amp; O. Co., Ltd. steamers will also call at Shanghai, Iloilo, Obi-

Kamabangun, Tawau, Timor, Darwin, or other ports en route as indicated above.

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Wanser, San Francisco, etc.

The P. &amp; O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal.

The P. &amp; O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via the Cape.

The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers, to Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

**SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN**

KHIVA 9,135 22 Nov. noon. S'hai, Moji, Kobe &amp; Yoko

TILAWA 10,006 24 Nov. 7 a.m. Amoy, Moji, Kobe &amp; Osaka

KASHGAR 9,005 26th Nov. S'hai, Moji, Kobe &amp; Yoko

ST. ALBANS 4,500 6th Dec. Moji, Kobe, Osaka &amp; Yoko

MOREA 10,953 9th Dec. S'hai, Moji, Kobe &amp; Yoko

KIDDERPORE 5,334 10th Dec. S'hai, Moji &amp; Kobe

KALYAN 9,144 13th Dec. S'hai, Moji, Kobe &amp; Yoko

DEVANHA 8,155 24th Dec. S'hai, Moji, Kobe &amp; Yoko

DELTA 8,097 1 Jan. 1928. Shanghai, Moji &amp; Kobe

ARAFURA 6,000 3rd Jan. Moji, Kobe, Osaka &amp; Yoko

MALWA 10,986 7th Jan. S'hai, Moji, Kobe &amp; Yoko

KHYBER 9,114 21th Jan. S'hai, Moji, Kobe &amp; Yoko

KHIVA 9,135 28th Jan. Shanghai, Moji &amp; Kobe

MACEDONIA 11,120 4th Feb. S'hai, Moji, Kobe &amp; Yoko

TANDA 6,656 7th Feb. Moji, Kobe, Osaka &amp; Yoko

KASHMIR 8,985 18th Feb. S'hai, Moji, Kobe &amp; Yoko

KALYAN 9,144 18th Feb. Shanghai, Moji &amp; Kobe

MANTUA 10,946 2nd Mar. Moji, Kobe, Osaka &amp; Yoko

ST. ALBANS 4,500 6th Mar. S'hai, Moji, Kobe &amp; Yoko

MONGOLIA 16,504 17th Mar. S'hai, Moji, Kobe &amp; Yoko

MOREA 10,953 30th Mar. S'hai, Moji, Kobe &amp; Yoko

KASHGAR 9,005 13th Apr. S'hai, Moji, Kobe &amp; Yoko

MALWA 10,986 27th Apr. S'hai, Moji, Kobe &amp; Yoko

DEVANHA 8,155 11th May. S'hai, Moji, Kobe &amp; Yoko

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

## WIRELESS ON ALL STEAMERS.

Parcels Measuring not more than 2 ft. x 2 ft. x 1 ft. will be

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## SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

Destination	Steamers	Sailings.
TO TSINGTAU via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	Kwaisang	Wed. 23rd Nov at 7 a.m.
	Kwong-ang	Sun. 27th Nov at 7 a.m.
	Huang-sang	Wed. 30th Nov at 7 a.m.
TO TIENSIN via WEIHAIWEI & CHEFFOO	Chipping	Wed. 30th Nov at 5 p.m.
TO OSAKA via AMOI, SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE	Laisang	Thurs. 24th Nov at 7 a.m.
TO OSAKA via AMOI, MOJI & KOBE	Hosang	Satur. 3rd Dec at 7 a.m.
TO STRAITS & CALCUTTA	Kwongsang	Tues. 22nd Nov at 4 a.m.
	Kuttsang	Thurs. 1st Dec at 3 p.m.
	Hinsang	Wed. 23rd Nov at 3 p.m.
TO SANDAKAN	Mausang	Wed. 30th Nov at 3 p.m.

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General Managers

Telephone 215 Central.

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STEAMER	DUE HONGKONG ON OR ABOUT	SAILING NUMBER OR ABOUT
CHANGTE	9th December	16th December
TAIPEI	7th January	14th January
CHANGTE	7th February	14th February
TAIPEI	9th March	16th March

For Freight &amp; Passage apply to BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE, Agents.

Tel. C. 36.

## SAILINGS.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

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Hongkong.Printed and Published for the Proprietor by FREDERICK  
PERCY FRANKLIN, at 1 and 3, Wyndham Street, in the City of  
Victoria, Hongkong.**CANTON ARMIES  
PREPARING.**

(Continued from Page 1.)

disarming of Wang Shao-hung's troops in Canton, adding that they would try their best to suppress the Kwangsi troops in Kwangtung within the shortest possible period. The telegram concluded by requesting the return of Wang Ching-wai and General Li Chai-sum to Canton to take up the administration of Kwangtung.

In response to the invitation of General Li Chai-sum, General Pei Chung-hsi, one of the most powerful of the Nanking Nationalist military leaders, who is a strong ally of Li Chai-sum, arrived at Shanghai on Saturday to confer with Li Chai-sum on matters pertaining to the recent Canton coup. On the same evening, Pei Chung-hsi took train back to Nanking.

**"What He Expected"**

To the representative of the Shanghai Press, Li Chai-sum, commenting on the Canton developments, said the coup was what he expected, adding that he would hold a conference on the matter with his associates in the Kuomintang in Shanghai. General Li added that appropriate steps would be taken and he turned to save the situation, despite the fact that the coup had already been carried out.

Another report in the vernacular press says that General Li Chung-yan will send an expedition down to South China to help Li Chai-sum to re-capture Canton from the "Leftists."

Li Chung-yan is also a Kwangsi General, a strong ally of Li Chai-sum and one of the prominent Nanking Nationalist Generals.

**The Latest News.**

Canton, Nov. 22.

The "Kwangsi-ites" and their allied forces continue concentrating at Shihliuk, the gateway to the West River, but the "Iron-sides" have been able to occupy the Canton-Samshui Railway line. Fighting between the rival forces on the West River is imminent.

Shuntak is still in the hands of the five hundred Kwangsi-ites who succeeded in holding the city against 2,000 troops of General Li Fuk-lun. The attack on Shuntak had been carried on by General Li's troops for several days but the Kwangsi-ites are by far the better fighters.

General Chang Fat-kwai has returned to Canton from Hongkong and was in attendance at yesterday's meeting of the Military Council of which General Chang has been elected acting chairman, succeeding General Wang Shao-hung.

General Yu Tao-pak, a Leftist Kwangsi military leader, has also arrived in Canton. General Yu is being asked by the "Iron-sides" to influence the Kwangsi troops now under Wang Shao-hung to turn against their chief and join the leftists. General Yu was formerly a subordinate to Generals Li Chung-yan and Wang Shao-hung, but was dismissed by Wang recently for his radical attitude.

The Canton-Samshui and Canton Shihkuwan Railways are still suspending passenger service. It is understood that the Kwangsi-ites are still holding the northern section of the Shihkuwan Railway, although the "Iron-sides" there have occupied Sunkai station.

Fighting is believed to be in progress north of Sunkai, with little result of significance.—*Nam Chung Po***HOW MUCH DO YOU KNOW?**

The following are the replies to to-day's question:

1. Name the two poles of the Earth. Beam. 2 Two p.m. 3 Zenith and nadir are the diametrically opposite poles of the horizon, zenith the highest point above the observer's head from any station on the earth, nadir the lowest point vertically below any station on the earth. 4 Chestnut mixed heavily with white or grey. 5 Mr. W. C. Bridgeman, King's Shropshire Light Infantry. 6 King's Royal Rifle Corps. 7 Arctic rats. 8 Robert Herrick, Irish. 9 German. Dutch. Norwegian. American. 10 The point of rest about which a celestial body rotates. 11 The first letter of the Greek alphabet, "alpha" and "beta." 12 Ural Mountains. Ural River. and Caspian Sea.

**BRITISH PLANTER  
MURDERED.****HACKED TO DEATH.**

Batavia, Nov. 15.

Mr. Robert Allan, assistant on the Soengel Rombla Estate, Medan, belonging to Harrisons and Crossfield, was murdered by coolies on Sunday morning.

Six coolies have been arrested. It appears that Mr. Allan was attacked with axes. Ten minutes earlier the manager had visited him and noticed nothing suspicious.

Hearing a noise he returned and found Mr. Allan dead, the body terribly mutilated.

**YOUNG BURGLAR.****SENT TO GAOL FOR EIGHT  
MONTHS.**

A young Chinese, the son of a woodcutter, was charged before Major C. Willson, at the Central Police Court this morning, with breaking into two houses in the City, and stealing money and property to the total value of \$270.

The first burglary was carried out during the night of the 17th-18th, when the defendant entered the ground floor of No. 127, Des Voeux Road West, and stole a silver watch, a fountain pen, and a pair of spectacles, valued altogether at \$187. The following night, he broke into No. 94, Wing Loi Street, and got away with 14 pieces of clothing, five gold buttons, and monies amounting to \$25.

"All the stolen property was recovered when the defendant was arrested during the week-end."

With certain reservations, the defendant admitted the theft of the money and goods named in the burglary charges.

The record of a previous conviction against the defendant was handed up to his Worship, the Police Officer prosecuting in the case stating that the defendant was the son of a respectable firewood merchant. Enquiries established the fact that during the two nights in question the defendant did not stay in to sleep, but left the parental home just before midnight to engage in his nefarious enterprises.

Sentences aggregating eight months' hard labour, were passed.

**UNDERWRITERS.**

(Continued from Page 4.)

General Agents' Agreement already approved by this Meeting and for the purpose of identification subscribed by the Chairman thereof be and the same is hereby adopted by the Company and the Board of Directors are hereby authorized to attach to such Agreement the Common Seal of the Company to execute same in pursuance of the Articles of Association of the Company."

Mr. A. Keith seconded and the resolution was adopted.

Mr. C. A. da Roza then proposed: "(4) That the capital of the Company be increased by the creation of fifteen fully paid up shares of \$1,000 each and that the rights, privileges and conditions following be attached thereto, that is to say:—

(a) The said Fifteen shares shall be called "Founders Shares" and shall be issued in accordance with Clause 12 of the General Agents' Agreement referred to in Resolution No. 3 thereof.

(b) That each Founders' share shall carry with it the following rights:—

(1) To receive by way of dividend One/Ninety-first part of the total amount declared divisible by way of profits to the shareholders.

(2) Shall rank as equivalent for voting power to 1,000 ordinary shares of the Company.

(3) Shall in the event of the Company being wound up and the ordinary shareholders ceasing to retain any interest directly or indirectly in the business of the Company in any manner whatsoever as a going concern be entitled after payment to the ordinary shareholders of the fully paid up value of their shares (but without prejudice in any way to the rights of the dissentient shareholders under Section 185 of the Company's Ordinance 1911 which dissentient shareholders shall include the holders of Founders' shares if they do dissent) to have equally distributed amongst them the sum of \$150,000 or such lesser sum as may remain over after making the aforesaid payments and if after making the aforesaid payments there shall still be a surplus for distribution then one-sixth of such surplus shall be equally distributed amongst them and the balance paid to the Ordinary shareholders."

Mr. C. E. Brooker seconded and the resolution was agreed to.

The Chairman:—Gentlemen, that concludes the business for which this Meeting was convened, and I thank you for your attendance.

As you are aware, the Notice convening this Meeting also convenes a Second Extraordinary General Meeting for the purpose of receiving a report of the proceedings at this Meeting, and of confirming if thought fit, as

Special Resolutions the three Resolutions Nos. (1) (4) and (2)

which have just been passed as Extraordinary Resolutions which second Meeting will, as indicated, in the Notice, be held here on Friday the 9th December next at noon, and I shall be glad if you will kindly attend same.

**SCHOOLBOY CHARGED  
WITH MURDER.**

(Continued from Page 7.)

added, "I did not really mean to stab him. In a hurry I had no time to put it away, but accidentally carried along the knife in my hand."

Concluding, Mr. Holmes said it seemed perfectly evident that the boy regarded it as an accident, done in the heat of the moment.

Dr. I. Newton, medical officer in charge of Kowloon Hospital, gave evidence of Tang being admitted to the hospital at twelve noon, and dying two and a half hours later. His condition was then such that a doctor's interference was useless.

Mr. J. E. Dovey, in charge of the Kowloon Mortuary, spoke of making a post mortem examination. He described the wound and the internal hemorrhage. He said that a small knife (produced) would very probably have caused the wound.

Replying to Mr. Brewer, witness said that such a wound would have caused death in an adult.

Dr. A. Cannon, in charge of Victoria Gaol, said that the prisoner was approximately 14 years of age, but he might be a little older or a little younger.

In reply to questions, witness said that the boy's intellect was below normal and he was slightly slow-witted. His mentality was such that he was more likely to lose his temper than others. The case is proceeding.

**HANKOW SITUATION.****MORE FIRING AT SHIPS.**Hankow, Nov. 20.  
There has been a recurrence of firing on British vessels passing near Chinglin.The situation in Hankow is quiet.—*Naval Wireless*.**THE FIGHTING.****Latest Military Reports.**

Shanghai, Nov. 21.

A message from Nanking reports that General He Ying-ching has arrived at the Nationalist Headquarters which recently removed to Pengpu from Linwei.

General He Ying-ching wired to Nanking stating that the Nationalists have been pursuing the remnants of Sun Chuan-fang's forces on the north bank of the Weiho since the 16th. There have been no Northern soldiers on the south bank of the Weiho.

The Nationalist Air forces at Chuchow have received orders to remove to once to Pengpu, Nam Chung Po.

**THE TYPHOON.****OFFICIAL OBSERVATORY  
REPORT.**

We have received from Mr. T. F. Claxton, Director of the Royal Observatory, the following report regarding yesterday's typhoon:

A typhoon formed a little to the north of the Paracels in the early morning of November 20 and passed quite near Hongkong in the afternoon; but had begun to fill up before reaching our latitude.

Between 4 p.m. and 5 p.m. conditions favoured the passage of the centre of a typhoon, but, fortunately, of one nearly defunct. At 4.30 p.m. the wind veered suddenly from S.E. to West and fell to a dead calm. At 6.10 p.m. a light breeze sprang up from North and varied between N.E. and N.W. during the night.

Between 4 p.m. and 5 p.m. the wind at Gap Rock changed from S.E. force 6 to N.W. force 5 and remained so until 10 p.m. when it veered to N.N.W. force 6. By 6 a.m. on the 21st, it had further veered to N.E. force 5.

Between noon and 4 p.m. the wind at Macao was North, force 4, while the wind at Hongkong was from S.S.E. force 8 to 4, a rather alarming state of affairs, indicating a cyclonic circulation around a point midway between Hongkong and Macao.

Observations received later indicated that at 5 p.m. there was a cyclonic circulation around a point midway between Hongkong and Swatow.

The greatest gale velocity at the Observatory was at the rate of 74 m.p.h. at 11.30 and at 12.45. The lowest barometer reading was 29.67 at 12.30. The barogram was unusually erratic, resembling the barogram during a succession of violent thunderstorms.

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